Library of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXXI.—NO. 105. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1903. WHOLE NO. 11,050

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The nomination of W. D. Crum, colored, as collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., was considered by the Senate Committee on Commerce yesterday, but no conclusion was reached. —— The Statehood bill occupied the time of the Senate yesterday. —— The bombardment of the Venezuelan fort, San Carlos, is confirmed; State Department officials at Washington are singularly reticent with regard to the matter. —— The funeral of the late Rev. J. R. Wilson, D. D., will take place in Columbia, S. C., to-day; President Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton University, accompanied the remains to Columbia. —— The bombardment of Fort San Carlos by German warships was renewed yesterday at daybreak; the fort returned the fire. —— Favorable report has been ordered by committee on Forster's bill making an appropriation for marking graves of Confederate soldiers in the North. —— The sessions of the coal strike commission will continue five more days. —— British steamer Ashanti, with the captain and crew of the wrecked and abandoned schooner Percy and Lillie, has arrived at New Orleans. —— Express train wrecked near South Greenfield, Mo.; engineer and fireman killed. —— A brisk eruption of the volcano on the island of St. Vincent is reported. —— The treaty between the United States and Colombia for the construction of the Panama canal has been signed. —— Gen. Bello, in command of Fort San Carlos, says he will resist the German warships as long as possible; he has still five guns that can be used. —— N. Y markets: Money on call easier at 2½@4½ per cent; cotton — quiet at 8.95c; flour firm and a shade higher; wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red 83¼c.; corn — spot firm, No. 2 65c; oats—spot firmer, No. 2 44c; rosin—firm; spirits turpentine steady at 61½@62c.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 23.

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 42 degrees; 8 P. M., 43 degrees; maximum, 53 degrees; minimum, 42 degrees; mean, 48 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .07; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 3.18 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. Wednesday, 7.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22—For North Carolina—Fair Friday; Saturday rain; light variable winds, becoming fresh southeast.

Port Almanac—January 23.

Sun Rises	7.06 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.18 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 12 M.
High Water at Southport	4.13 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	6.43 P. M.

Coal is still $10 a ton wholesale in New York, which means about $15 retail. It makes the coal consumers hot to think of it.

The Richmond *Leader* rises to remark that "Senator Pritchard still keeps his eye on that proposed judgeship." Or something "equally as good."

With a life annuity of $7,500 and exemption from pursuit or prosecution of any kind, the eloping crown Princess of Saxony and her professor can manage to get along pretty well with reasonable economy.

Dr. Simonton, an army surgeon, has been refused a job in the navy because his corpus is so immense that he couldn't crowd himself into the hatchway of a torpedo boat and therefore couldn't render prompt service between decks.

The New York *Times* doesn't believe that dogs understand any language but the dog language. Pshaw! We have seen dogs which understand the English language better than some men, and would take a hint a good deal quicker.

Including the 323 new cases of typhoid fever in Philadelphia last week, there are said to be 1,500 cases under treatment in that city. And still the people cannot be persuaded to take the trouble of cooking the germs in the water they drink.

Paradoxical as it may seem, the "Dead Letter" office in Washington is one of the livest branches of the department, where the employes have to hustle to handle the stacks of dead letters which come there, principally through the carelessness of people who are in a hurry.

Republicans never fail to show their swinish disposition when in power. For the first time since the war Rhode Island has a Democratic Governor, and the Legislature has changed the rule, taking the power of appointing committees from the Governor and vesting it in the Senate.

ALMOST AT A NOMINATION.

Watson Led in Senatorial Caucus Last Night—"My Friends Still Have Control," Says Craig.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 22.—The Democratic caucus to nominate a United States Senator to-night was very exciting and it is believed a nomination would have resulted soon had not a motion to adjourn prevailed after the fifth ballot.

The gain of Watson in the caucus caused pandemonium and Chairman Morton, after the third ballot, could hardly bring the members to order.

At the adjournment Watson led with 63, Overman 55, Craig 19. All eleven of Craig's men, who deserted during to-night's caucus, went to Watson, but it looks as if nearly all the remaining nineteen will go to Overman, as both the motion and second to adjourn were made by Craig men—Justice and Webb. Great excitement prevailed during the closing scenes, so much so that Chairman Morton maintained order with difficulty. The ballots were as follows:

Overman	56	55	58	57	55
Watson	53	56	60	60	62
Craig	30	26	21	21	19
Total	138	137	137	138	136

The caucus after casting the forty-sixth ballot adjourned to 8 o'clock to-morrow night.

Watson said to-night of the situation: "I am perfectly confident and will win out easy to-morrow night."

Overman said: "I am still confident that I will come out victorious. The finish will be fought to-morrow night."

Craig said: "My friends still have control of the situation."

LOCAL DOTS.

— Sunday advertisers are earnestly requested to hand in their copy to-day.

— Schooner *Estelle*, Capt. Hutchenson, arrived yesterday with fertilizers from Carteret, N. J.

— Norwegian barque *Argo*, hence for London, Eng., with cargo of rosin, passed out at Southport at 7:45 A. M. yesterday.

— A thoroughly competent compositor accustomed to newspaper work may secure employment by applying at the STAR office.

— Water street, between Dock and Orange, is in a horrible condition. A suction dredge and a mud scow could do big stunts there now.

— Geo. Moseley, a negro arrested by Officer W. J. Howard for an affray at the railroad shops Wednesday, was fined $5 by the Mayor yesterday.

— As noted in the STAR's telegraphic columns this morning, the funeral of the late Rev. Dr. Joseph R. Wilson will take place in Columbia, S. C., to-day.

— There was no change in the local naval stores market yesterday. Buyers and sellers are wondering if the top notch has been reached and that the reaction will set in to-day.

— A boy who wishes to learn the printing trade may secure employment by applying at the STAR Job Office. One who has had some experience feeding presses preferred. Must be a resident of the city.

— The old wharf of the steamer *Wilmington*, on the south side of foot of Market street, is being piled with cross-ties by Mr. H. J. Spooner, who lately entered the cross-tie business in this section.

— Col. Walker Taylor, Maj. Chas. H. White and Maj. W. F. Robertson, members of Governor Aycock's staff, have received invitations to the reception to be given by Governor and Mrs. Aycock to members of the General Assembly and State officials Friday night, the 30th.

IN HONOR OF THEIR TEACHER.

Delightful Banquet Given by Pupils of Hemenway to Miss Crosly.

From 5 to 7 o'clock Wednesday evening the Eighth Grade of Hemenway School gave a delightful banquet in the hall of the building in honor of its teacher, Miss Mary D. Crosly, who is exceeding popular with the children in her department.

The banquet hall was charmingly decorated and the tables were made most attractive and inviting. All the teachers of Hemenway were invited guests, as were also Superintendent J. J. Blair and School Committeemen Jas. F. Post, Richard J. Jones and Ed Borden. Excellent music was furnished by the Italian Harpers and the affair was voted by all one of the most delightful social affairs in the history of the school.

The committee in charge was composed as follows: Misses Lillie B. Post, Kate Myers, Agnes Chasten, Alice Fishblate, Elise Emerson, Mamie May Rutland, Elizabeth Woodward and Charlotte Fennell.

Wanted To Rob a Store.

John Malloy, a colored youth who was caught in the act of secreting himself in Mr. Thos. J. Gore's store on the wharf night before last, was sent to the roads by the Mayor yesterday for 60 days—30 days each in two cases made out against him for vagrancy and trespass.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Academy of Music—"Carmen."
A. D. Brown—Great white sale.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

James Butler—Notice.
Found—Rambler bicycle.

THE ASSEMBLY BALL.

Annual Social Event by Elite Society Organization Brilliant Success Last Night.

A BALL AND A COTILLON.

Course Supper Served at Midnight by King's Daughters—Decorations Most Beautiful of the Season—Many Participated in Dances.

Decidedly the leading social event of the season was the magnificent annual club function in the Masonic Temple last night by "The Assembly," an exclusive organization of prominent society people of this and other cities. The affair was one of the most brilliant, perhaps, in the history of the later social life of the city and in point of attendance, certainly none has surpassed it both as to number and prominence of those participating in its pleasures.

The decorations for the event were of an exquisite and elaborate nature. They were by the Wilmington Floral Company and consisted of bamboo, pine top, wreaths of holly, carnations and many flowers, while palms and other potted plants and flowers were in artistic arrangement in different parts of the room. A beautiful floral piece in the design of a liberty bell was suspended from the centre of the ceiling, overshadowing the dancers. It was very handsomely formed of smilax, studded with carnations, roses and calla lilies. On the south wall of the room, in pleasing contrast with the other decorations, were floral letters of holly and flowers announcing "The Assembly, 1903."

The banquet room, where an elegant supper was served at midnight, was neatly decorated with smilax, bamboo, etc., while the table decorations were American Beauty, Bridesmaid's, Liberty and Ivory roses, with carnations of several rich colors. The scheme was white and red and was carried out with charming effect.

It is seldom that the art of the florist is called into a more beautiful execution than that which made "The Assembly" function last night among the prettiest social affairs ever given in the State.

Those who received for "The Assembly" were announced as follows: Mrs. Warren G. Elliott, Mrs. Clayton Giles, Mrs. T. M. Emerson, Mrs. Geo. Rountree, Mrs. J. Victor Grainger, Mrs. George G. Thomas, Mrs. E. C. Holt, Mrs. D. H. Lippitt, Mrs. J. R. Kenly, Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. Hugh MacRae, Mrs. R. R. Bellamy, Mrs. G. Herbert Smith. The costumes were exceedingly pretty and of a most elaborate nature.

The "Assembly Ball" commenced at 9:30 o'clock and continued until 12 o'clock. The music was by Hollowbush's Orchestra and the order of dances was as follows:

Assembly March.....Stewart
1. Waltz.....Symphonia"...Holzman
2. Two Step "Dreamy Eyes"....Lampe
3. Quadrille....."Alpha".....Stearn
4. Waltz....."Lazarre".....Blanke
5. Two Step, "Cosy Corner.....Bratton
6 Lanciers, "Limerick Town"....Piton
7. Waltz..."Wedding Day"....Tobani
8. Two Step "Donkey Laugh" Whitney
9. Quadrille.....Fettel
10. Virginia Reel.....

INTERMISSION.

Cotillon.

Shortly after the midnight hour, the guests repaired to the handsome banquet room on the third floor of the Temple building, where an elaborate supper was served by the King's Daughters.

The closing feature of the magnificent round of festivities was a cotillon, led in most charming manner by Mr. H. H. McIlhenny and participated in by more than half a hundred graceful dancers.

Among the guests in attendance were the following:

Mr. and Mrs. George Rountree, Miss Sophie Myers, of Raleigh, Mr. Geo. L. Peschau, Mrs. E. C. Holt, Mr. A. S. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Grainger, Miss Bessie Bolles, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moreland, Miss Moreland, of Charleston, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. Jno. S. Armstrong, Miss Olive Armstrong, Miss Beulah Armstrong, Miss Bridgers, of Petersburg, Va.; Miss Marie Peschau, Mr. Frank H. Stedman, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dick, Miss Hannah Bolles, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Skelding, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Miss Lillie Gilchriest, Mr. Clayton Giles, Jr., Miss Stevenson, of Virginia; Miss Eliza Metts, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Lippitt, Mr. and Mrs. Junius Davis, Mr. Thos. W. Davis, Miss Anna Peck, Miss Jeanie Peck, Miss Elizabeth Peck, Mr. Geo. W. Chesnut, Mr. and Mrs. G. Herbert Smith, Miss Alice Boatwright, Mr. S. W. Merrell, Col. and Mrs. Walker Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Kenly, Miss Kenly, Miss Alice Borden, Mr. Jno. Hill Bunting, Mrs. W. W. Holliday, Miss Lucile Murchison, Mr. John J. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Williamson, Mr. Banks Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Arringdale, Miss Marie Baldwin, Mr. Steele, of New York, Mr. H. M. Chase, Mr. H. H. McIlhenny, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh MacRae, Mrs. W. L. Parsley, Miss Julia Parsley, Capt. and Mrs. Donald MacRae Miss Elizabeth Payne, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. H. Governeur, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Kenly, Miss Edna Kenly, Dr. L. H. Love, Mr. W. H. Foster, of New York, Mrs. Annie Northrop, Mrs. Nelson, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Martin, of New York.

The souvenirs for the occasion were very handsome white leather, visiting card cases.

THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE.

Magnificent New Steamer on Her Initial Trip Yesterday—Mr. Walter Holt and Party Guests Down.

The splendid new steamer *City of Fayetteville* arrived at 6 o'clock yesterday morning from Fayetteville and returned at 7 P. M. for her initial round trip on the Cape Fear river in the active freight and passenger service, in which she bids fair to lead all others which have come and gone these many years. The steamer left Fayetteville at 3:30 P. M. the day before and the trip down was successful and without an untoward incident in any particular. The popular Capt. Albert H. Worth, a veteran in the Cape Fear steamboat service, was in command and was warmly greeted upon every hand. He is a past master of every detail in the business, having run regularly on the river when but 18 years of age.

The boat on her first trip had a good cargo of cotton factory goods for shipment by Clyde Line to the North and also a fair freight list of country produce, consigned to Wilmington merchants.

Among her passengers were a number of prominent Fayetteville gentlemen, who came as guests of Mr. Walter L. Holt, one of the principal stockholder in the Fayetteville and Wilmington Steamboat Company. In the party were Messrs. Lawrence A. Williamson, Banks Williamson, Ed. Williamson, Eugene E. Gorham and Samuel Webb. The party was delightful with the trip. The steamer is handsomely furnished and has appointments and conveniences equal to the finest Mississippi river boats.

It was announced yesterday that Mr. E. W. Cooke is no longer general manager of the company, he having sold out his interests. Several gentlemen are mentioned as Mr. Cooke's possible successor.

It is the company's intention to make three round trips a week, leaving Wilmington 5 P. M. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, and leaving Fayetteville at 5 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The steamer is now on her regular schedule.

The new steamer will have her wharf with that of the Merchants' and Farmers' Steamboat Co., and Mr. T. D. Love has already been appointed agent for the consolidated lines.

Capt. T. S. Whitted is now master of the steamer *Highlander* while Capt. Jeff Bradshaw is on the *Highlander*.

THE ELKS' ROYAL MINSTRELS.

Some Features That Will Make Up Magnificent Burnt Cork Aggregation.

Rehearsals are apace for the magnificent Elks' Minstrels, which will holds the boards at the Academy of Music Friday evening, Jan. 30th, and Saturday matinee. The prices will be 50 and 75 cents and there'll be a bushel of fun for those figures.

Thirty-five people will compose the first part, augmented by the Academy orchestra, and the staging will be under the direction of Prof. C. W. Hollowbush. A new electric roof garden comes in the first part, with an olio unsurpassed by professionals, ancient or modern. Mr. Henry Angel will be seen in an impersonation of the old-time, Southern darkey, while other features will be "Cowan," the great baton manipulator and juggler; Zanette, the famous leader of legerdemain and the black art, and last, but not least, Percino, King of the Air, in a sensational and wonderful aerial act.

Another feature will be the Royal Jesters—Julius P. Taylor, Frank Turrentine, Lacy Hunt, Bob Gwaltney and Mr. W. F. Robertson, interlocutor.

The grand street parade will be a feature worth waiting hours to see.

OFF FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Thirty-eighth Company, Coast Artillery, Came Up from Southport Yesterday.

The Thirty-eighth Company, Coast Artillery, U. S. A., which has been stationed at Fort Caswell for several years, came up to the city at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the steamer *Wilmington* and left an hour later on a special train of Pullman cars over the Seaboard Air Line for San Francisco, whence, with about a dozen other companies of artillery from the United States, it will sail Feb. 1st for Manila, in the Philippine Islands. A company from the islands will arrive about the same time and replace the 38th at Caswell.

The steamer *Wilmington* upon her arrival with the 110 men composing the company yesterday, was saluted by the harbor craft and passed up directly to the railroad station where but little time was lost in transferring the baggage, etc., to the cars. A number of friends were present to bid the departing soldiers good-bye. They go to Cincinnati, via Richmond and St. Louis, and will travel in the same cars in which they left Wilmington. Another company of coast artillery from Port Getty, S. C., also left yesterday, via Atlantic Coast Line, for San Francisco.

A. C. L. Conductors' Change.

A change has been made in the run of A. C. L. conductors between Wilmington and Sanford and Wilmington and Charleston. The conductors will alternate on both runs, making one trip to Sanford and the next to Charleston, laying off in Wilmington and Charleston. The lay off here will come every fourth day. The change was made to equalize the pay under the mileage arrangement and will affect Capts. W. H. Pemberton and C. Robert Branch, of the A. & Y., and and Charles W. Gasque and Warren L. Jones, of the Charleston run.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

Proceedings of the North Carolina General Assembly at Raleigh Yesterday.

LABOR IN TEXTILE FACTORIES.

Important Data Made Public by Commissioner Varner—Unusual Authority Granted to Corporation Commission in Durham Case.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 22.—The House of Representatives passed on its second reading to-day a bill empowering the Corporation Commission to compel two or more railroads running into a town to build a union depot. The vote was 71 to 38. Objection was made to its third reading and it went over to to-morrow. This is the bill introduced by Fuller, of Durham, and is urged strongly by the citizens of that town, their object being to force the Southern to join in a union depot before the settlement of the Peabody street right-of way suit.

The House also to-day passed the bill providing $1,600 for clerical assistance in the insurance department. It had been discussed at length on three different days.

A joint resolution was adopted endorsing the proposed re-union of non-resident North Carolinians (?) at Greensboro, October 13th next.

Among the bills introduced in the House were the following:

By Phillips, a memorial to Congress for an appropriation to clean out Shallotte river, Brunswick county.

By Graham, to change the end of the fiscal year from November 30th to August 31st.

To amend the Laws of 1901, relating to the tax on merchants, liquor, and cigarette dealers.

By Drewry, to require registration of trained nurses.

By Daniel, to provide codification of the laws.

By Erwin, to provide for the treatment and care of certain insane inebriates and idiots.

The Senate did little business to-day. Among the bills which passed the third reading were:

To allow Greenville to issue bonds and amend the charter.

To prohibit the manufacture, sale and shipment of liquor in Robeson county.

To incorporate the Bank of Whiteville.

To allow corporations to sell their bonds below par.

A bill to regulate the sale of morphine was tabled; also a bill to allow husbands and wives to remarry after five years divorcement, and a bill to allow bastards to represent their ancestors on their mother's side.

Notable bills were introduced as follows:

By Norris, to allow a re-hearing in criminal as in civil cases.

By Pharr, to incorporate the Carnegie Library of Charlotte.

The usual joint session of the House and Senate was held at noon to vote for U. S. Senator, the vote being scattered to avoid an election, pending a nomination by the Democratic caucus.

Labor in Textile Mills.

Commissioner of Labor Varner to-night made public some important data, which shows that there are 276 cotton and woollen mills in the State. Of these mills 230 manufacture cotton, 14 manufacture wool, and there are 46 knitting, silk mills, etc. There is one finishing mill. The 276 mills operate 1,743,431 spindles, 38,501 looms, 3,281 machines (knitting.) There are 46,569 employes. Reports received from 178 mills show that 929 children under 12 years of age are employed. Reports from 98 mills do not answer the question. Of the adults 84 per cent. read and write and 71 per cent. of the children read and write. The average highest wages paid employes is $1.90 per day; the lowest, 58 cents. The highest average paid to women is 94 cents; the lowest 45 cents; average paid to children, 35 cents.

ANOTHER LARGE AUDIENCE PLEASED.

Mabel Paige Company Scoring a Great Success at Academy—Carmen To-night.

The Mabel Paige Company again delighted a large audience at the Academy last night with a splendid production of the sensational war drama, "The Outpost." The scenes are laid along the Transvaal during the late Boer war and a beautiful little love story is interwoven. Mr. Thomas E. DePew as *Fritz Von Neiland*, a young engineer, Miss Paige, in the leading role of *Nora Desmond*, and Mr. Dan. S. Holt, as *Corporal Casey*, were special favorites during the action of the play and elicited much applause.

To-night the bill will be "Carmen," with magnificent staging effects and other accessories. To-morrow afternoon a ladies and children's matinee will be given with the same elaborateness as the night productions.

Died From An Operation.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Jordan Branch, Jr., 1007 South Third street, will sympathize with them deeply in the death of their little daughter, Mabel, aged four and a half months, which occurred yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from the shock following an operation for spinal trouble. The funeral was conducted at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon by the Rev. C. B. Paul and the interment was in Bellevue.

THE UTLEY TRIAL AT FAYETTEVILLE.

Judge Charged Jury at 7 O'clock Last Night—Argument by Counsel.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 22.—The whole of to-day in the Utley murder trial in the Superior Court was taken up in argument to the jury by Col. Broadfoot for the defence and N. A. Sinclair, Esq., for the State. Court will convene at 7 o'clock to-night when the judge will charge the jury.

POISONED FROM A CORPSE.

Two Students of Medical College at Davidson Stricken With Septicaemia as Result of Dissecting a Cadaver.

A special from Charlotte says that as the result of infection from the dissection of a cadaver, two students of the North Carolina Medical College at Davidson are in a critical condition and their deaths are expected momentarily. The unfortunate students are J. M. Boyce, of Blacksburg, S. C., and Oscar R. McLeod, of Robeson county, this State.

Thursday the young men, with others in their class, dissected a subject for study. Boyce accidentally pricked his finger with one of the sharp instruments used in the dissection while McLeod is supposed to have had some slight abrasion on his hand. In twenty-four hours symptoms of septicaemia developed and now the young men are lying at the point of death.

Dr. Munroe, assisted by Dr. Strong, of Charlotte, gave the patients the treatment which is being experimented with in New York, injections of formalin. The first treatment caused a rally in the condition of the patients, but it is believed it was given too late and the doctors have about abandoned hope, though they are still persevering with the formalin.

The mothers of both the young men are with them. Both of the stricken young men are popular and give promise of great usefulness in their profession. Mr. Boyce is a member of the senior class. Mr. McLeod is a second year man, and for two years has been a star player on the college football team.

"THE ASSEMBLIES" YEARS AGO

An Old Invitation Found That Will Be of Interest in Social Circles.

The annual club function last night by "The Assembly" calls to mind that long years ago there was a leading society organization of Wilmington, bearing almost the same name and having very nearly, perhaps, the same purposes in view. Among some old papers of a prominent family in the city was found a few days ago the following copy of one of the invitations sent out by the "Assembly" in those days:

WILMINGTON ASSEMBLIES.

The company of Mrs. Samuel Langdon is respectfully solicited to The Assemblies for the ensuing series, commencing on Tuesday evening next at the Wilmington hotel.

E. B. DUDLEY,
R. W. BROWN,
JOHN COWAN,
T. H. WRIGHT,
M. J. DEROSSET,
JNO. WADDELL.

December, 26th, 1830.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. G. W. Taylor and son, Roy, of Jacksonville, N. C., spent yesterday in the city.

— Friends of Mr. James W. Monroe will be delighted to know that he was some better yesterday.

— Miss Nellie Plummer has returned home, after an extended visit to her sister, Mrs. H. B. Kopf, of Newark, N. J.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rehder, Mr. C. W. Polvogt and Mr. R. B. Clowe are at Verona, Onslow county, for a few days' outing.

— Messrs. Maurice W. Wiley, of New York, and Mr. Henry Clay, stockholders in the Cape Fear Lumber Co., are guests at The Orton.

— Southport *Standard*: "Miss Margaret St. George, and Mrs. Robert Huark, of Wilmington, left on Monday last for Little River, S. C., where they will spend two weeks visiting friends."

CHEAPER TURPENTINE PRODUCTION.

New Method of Tapping Pines Brings More Turpentine and Rosin.

Under date of Jan. 20th, the Bureau of Forestry at Washington, issues the following press bulletin:

"Turpentine operators will be furnished soon, by the Bureau of Forestry, with circular of instructions and with personal help for the use of the new cup and gutter system of turpentining, which has been proved so successful. The experiments of the Bureau of Forestry, at Ocilla, Ga., conducted by Dr. Charles H. Herty, have shown the great superiority of the cup and gutter system over the old method of boxing pines. Trees treated by the new system have yielded 23 per cent. more turpentine than boxed trees. Moreover, only the highest grades of rosin were produced. The increased yield for the first year alone has been found sufficient to pay for the new equipment and to furnish a profit besides. An advantage for the timber owner to consider is that the cup and gutter system does away with the injurious box and thus lessens greatly the damage done to the trees.

"The superiority of the new method of turpentining is so evident that many operators who are acquainted with Dr. Herty's experiments are eager to adopt it. Several potteries for the manufacture of earthen cups have been established; in a short time the new system will probably be in general use throughout the turpentine belt.

"To make the benefits of the new method directly available the Bureau of Forestry, besides issuing a circular of instructions, offers, without cost, the assistance of Dr. Herty, who will personally direct in the field the installment of the new system.

"Requests for assistance should be addressed to the Forester, Bureau of Forestry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

— Mr. I. H. Hall, of Rose Hill, Duplin county, is in the city on a business trip.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by J. C. Shepard

Great White Sale

FRIDAY, AS USUAL, BARGAIN DAY.

Therefore a multitude of Unmatchable Values.

A. D. BROWN | A New Arrival WHITE DRESS GOODS, | A. D. BROWN

Piques, Bracadell Canvas Novelties.

A multitude of beautiful goods. A big sale of everything lovely to look at in Embroideries.

Read Carefully If You Want to Save Money.

In this sale quality is a consideration and prices low as possible. None can obtain goods at lower prices than we buy nor can sell at less profit.

Ladies' Underwear.

Night Dresses, good Muslin, made well.
Beautiful line of Skirts and Ladies' Drawers, 25 cents a pair.
Children's Drawers 10 and 15 cents a pair.
Corset Covers 10 and 15 cents a piece.
Infant's Dresses and Slips.
Our Rug Department complete.
Art Squares in new designs.
Couch Covers with fringe all around.
Tapestry Portieres, Irish Point Lace Curtains.
New line of Checked Goods.
New Ginghams in Striped and fancy designs.
Persian Lawns in the latest novelties. Now is your time to buy.
New designs in Beadings for Trimmings in Hamburgs.
Corduroys and Silks for Waists.
Ladies' Dress Skirts.
Mercerized Black Skirts, 75c and $1 a piece.

Everything that ought to be in a first class Dry Goods House is at

A. D. BROWN'S.

jan 18 tf

TO YOURSELF DEMANDS

that you follow the example of the industrious squirrel—store away provender or the money to buy it, when the gathering time is fair.

Every little nut of money you bring to us for safe keeping and increasing is so much ahead for the time when getting is hard. We pay 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly.

THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 18 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

FEARFUL DEATH OF AN ENGINEER.

At Pilot Mountain, N. C., the Tragedy Occurred—Bank Declares Dividend.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

PILOT MOUNTAIN, N. C., Jan. 21.—Willis Chandler, a young white man, 30 years old, engineer at J. F. Jones' saw and flour mills, was killed to-day while trying to put a belt on the wheel shaft while the engine was running at full speed. His left arm was caught and he was thrown around the shaft several times until the arm was torn from his body. His chest was beat into a jelly and otherwise horribly mutilated. He leaves a wife, who is in a critical condition, and two children.

Pilot Bank and Trust Co. declares 10½ per cent. dividend for the past year.

MISSION WORK AT DELGADO.

Southport Pastor Resigns to Accept a Charge Near Wilmington.

[*Southport Standard, 22nd.*]

Rev. E. J. Edwards has resigned as pastor of the Baptist church here, the resignation to take effect the 1st of February next.

Pastor Edwards has done a great work during his stay in Southport, and the announcement of his intended removal to another field is learned with much regret by the members of the Baptist church, and numerous other friends that he has made while in our town.

During his stay in Southport as pastor of the Baptist church, Rev. Edwards has been instrumental in accomplishing many improvements in the church work, notable among them being the erection of a handsome new parsonage for the church.

He has accepted a call from Wilmington in the Delgado Mission, and will preach his farewell sermon on next Sunday evening.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Printer Wanted.

Wanted, one first class compositor who has had experience on a daily morning paper. Must have good recommendations as to habits and qualifications. Address

THE MORNING STAR,
jan 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

AGAIN TO-NIGHT.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

MABEL PAIGE

and her all Star Company in an elaborate production of beautiful

"CARMEN."

Magic Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.
Seats on sale at Plummer's.
BIG MATINEE TO-MORROW.
jan 23 1t

FINE BUTTER.

We are now receiving the Celebrated

BOSCOBEL PRINT BUTTER,

in one pound blocks.

This, we believe to be the finest Butter for sale in Wilmington.

Those desiring something really nice will please give us a call and examine.

WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.,
jan 17 tf No. 15 South Front street.

Don't Come to Town

Then go back and tell your friends

"I ain't seen no FURNITURE MAN yet," because we are still doing business at 110 and 112 Market street.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.,
The Furniture Man.
jan 22 tf

Begin the New Year

AND CHEW

"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco.

This brand has quality and is a good seller—handle it and increase your business. We handle all brands well known on the market and are headquarters for Tobaccos and Cigars. None better than

Cuban Blossom,
Renown, Renown
Topical Twist Head.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

Distributors for brands of American and Continental Tobacco Co. jan 4 tf

Douglas Shoes.

A large lot to arrive on next steamer, besides large shipments to follow soon after.

We did well last year and we expect to make 1903 our "Banner Year."

The "Cash on Approval Business" is doing the good work, because people find they can save much money on their FOOT WEAR at our store. New Customers tell us so almost daily. A full assortment of other good lines of Shoes always on hand. Don't forget this.

Mercer & Evans Co.,

63½ steps. jan 4 tf

SEED POTATOES

225 Bags E. R. Potatoes.
189 Bags Ohio Potatoes,
150 Bags Bliss (en route).
218 Barrels Mullets.
220 Gross Globe Matches.
190 Gross Coast Matches.
240 Gross Atlantic Matches.
160 Gross Little Star Matches,
1 Gross Matches, free with 10.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
jan 18 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Only Restaurant,

Our Restaurant Has Made a Reputation!

There are thousands of people in this city who when they think of our Restaurant think of a quiet and cozy place where the food is excellent, the service prompt and the prices moderate. It is now an assured success.

Orders for Plants, Floral Designs, Cut Flowers, Bouquets, &c., filled promptly and at reasonable prices.

CHARLES ANDERSON & CO.
Telephone 719. jan 3 tf

We have on hand a fresh shipment of

WILBY'S CANDIES,

THE BEST MADE.

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.
jan 1 tf Call both 'Phones 55.

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23.

THE NEGRO NORTH AND SOUTH.

Whether there be any mysterious relation between beans and miscegenation or not we do not know, but the city of Boston holds the record for both. It is the bean town and the miscegenation town of this country. The dispatches inform us that every year, for some years past, between thirty and forty white women in that city marry negroes, but it seems to be a one-sided business as far as the whites are concerned, for it does not appear that Boston white men have any hankering for negro wives. As a sort of explanation of these marriages it is stated that the women who marry negroes are of the "obscure" class, which is doubtless true, and they are probably also a very dependent class, if not of the depraved, who sell their bodies to negro masters for food, clothes and shelter. The sentiment in Massachusetts, which has no laws prohibiting intermarriage of the races, rather encourages that kind of barter.

This is quoted as a proof that there is no "race prejudice" in Boston because such marriages do not attract special attention or cause much comment, but it is no proof at all for it is stated by way of explanation that these women are of the obscure class, too obscure to attract attention, or to be regarded as in any degree representatives of the people of Boston, and we are glad for the sake of Boston that they are not. It is only proof that in that city there are some women so hopelessly desperate, or depraved, that they become the life associates of negroes, suffering the penalty of ostracism and becoming social outcasts, for that is what such marriages mean even in Boston, where they attract so little attention and cause so little comment. If a respectable white woman in that city were to marry a negro she would be socially ruined, and there is no instance of such a marriage that we know of but that of old man Fred Douglass (half white) marrying in his dotage a white spinister, a crank, who amounted to nothing with her own race and was sneered at as an interloper by the negroes and by the grown up children of Douglass. She forfeited whatever respect white people might have had for her and incurred the contempt of the negroes.

A better proof of the race prejudice in that city than the little attention such marriages attract is the objection of white people to having negroes for neighbors, however respectable they may be, for it is a matter of record that the occupation by a negro family of a dwelling among whites of the bon-ton order would result in a good many vacant houses if rented, or in the depreciation of the value of property if the owner wanted to sell. The consequence is that in Boston, and also in other Northern cities, the negroes have their homes in the less fashionable sections or in the suburbs, where there is more room and where they do not come into such close contact with white neighbors. In this respect they are not as fortunately situated as they would be in the South, where white people are not shocked at having a negro home within a stone's throw of them. All they expect their negro neighbors to do is to behave and keep on their side of the fence.

There are, doubtless, in Boston, as there are in other Northern cities, negro aristocrats, negroes who have accumulated some wealth, and draw the line on other negroes, but we have never heard of their figuring much in Boston affairs. About the only occasions in which they show up is when negro indignation meetings are held to protest against race discrimination in the South.

There is nothing provincial in New York. It is about the most cosmopolitan of all our cities. There are a good many negroes in it, and among them, it is stated, about 200 families wealthy enough to own houses which cost from $40,000 to $100,000 and to spend annually on living from $10,000 to $25,000. These are nabobs, and the same report tells us that they employ white servants because, they say, the white servants know their places and do not presume on familiarity, while they would have trouble to make negro servants believe they were not as good as their black masters and mistresses. That is the reason assigned for preferring white servants; but it is probably to put on style. But there are no Americans, nor Irish among these servants. They are English, Germans, Swedes, Norwegians, &c.

How these negro aristocrats have accumulated the wealth to enable them to live in such costly houses and put on so much style is not stated, but possibly the families may have been living in that city for many years and became the owners of property which by enhancement in value has made them rich, as it has many white people. But with all their wealth, all their style and all their aristoratic airs this same paper which tells of them says it would injure the value of property if one of these families were to move into a high-toned neighborhood.

Maybe they don't call this race prejudice, the idea of some people being that race prejudice is race prejudice only when the line is drawn in politics, "Jim Crow" cars, &c., but it isn't confined to this, to drawing the line on negroes as neighbors, but runs all the way along the line excluding negroes from earning their living by laboring in the same avocations or with white men, and the consequence is that negroes are employed in the North only where they do not come into conflict with white workmen or in menial occupations. Negro mechanics are as rare in Northern cities as black swans.

As a matter of fact when it comes to the recognition of the respectable or industrious negro both stand a better chance in the South, where, while both are expected to respect the fact that there is a difference between the races, there is really less of race prejudice than there is in the North, for each race understands the other better.

WHERE DOES PROTECTION COME IN?

The Philadelphia *Press*, which approves of Senator Lodge's resolution to investigate the question as to tariff discrimination against this country by foreign countries, notably Germany, Russia and France, thus comments upon it:

The resolution introduced in the Senate yesterday by Mr. Lodge in regard to tariff discriminations against the United States comes none too soon. While Germany is legislating to provide further discriminations against this country, and is constantly talking, without a shadow of foundation, about discriminations in this country against Germany, not an official word has been heard here on the subject.

As a nation the United States has submitted for years without protest to the most unjust discriminations on the part of France. That nation imposes higher duties on American products than she imposes on similar products coming from any other nation. Russia discriminates against the United States, and that is done, though, to a less extent, by Holland and some other countries. These foreign governments have led their people to believe that they are injured by the United States tariff law, while the opposite is the case.

Under the Wilson law the imports from France, even in the fiscal year of 1897, when there was a great rush of importations before the Dingley law took effect, aggregated $67,000 000. But in 1900 they were in value $73 000,000 and in 1901 they increased to $75,458,000, and in 1902 to $83 000,000, while for 1903 they will, according to the statistics so far, exceed $100,000,000. The exports to France have been gradually declining and were $12,000,000 less last year than they were in 1900. For eleven months this calendar year the exports to France, including Switzerland, were only $60,893,609, while the imports from France were over $78,000,000 and from Switzerland over $17,000,000. The exports to France alone were $33,000,000 less than the imports. That is the effect of the gross discrimination against this country by France.

Germany is profiting in a somewhat similar manner. Under the Dingley law imports from Germany have been greater than ever before. In 1890 the imports were $84,000; they increased in 1901 to $100,000,000 and in 1902 to $102,000,000, and this year they will be very much larger. But the exports from the United States, nearly all raw materials, were $14,000,000 less last year 1900, and the decrease will be about double this year.

This extraordinary condition of things should be officially exposed. That is the purpose of Mr. Lodge's resolution. And it should be followed by maximum and minimum tariff rates that will enable this country to end such discriminations and put it in a position to negotiate reciprocity treaties on a fair basis.

There is no doubt whatever that these countries all discriminate against such American products as come into competition with their own products, and there is no doubt, either, that the trend of European sentiment, as far as those countries that follow the protective policy are concerned, is in the same direction, so much so that international combination has been advocated as one of the most speedy and effective methods to meet American commercial aggression. They are all in it.

But, assuming that the figures which the *Press* quotes are correct, where does the Dingley protection come in, since under that law we import more from foreign countries and export less, than we did under the "free trade" Wilson tariff? Isn't protection the main argument for the high Dingley duties? Do they protect, and if they do not, why should they be perpetuated when the only result is to increase the burdens of the American people, without the off-setting protection which is the alleged argument upon which they are justified? On this showing the Dingley tariff is simply a scheme for plundering the American people.

Marconi's crowning feat was accomplished Monday when he sent messages from his station at Cape Cod to Poldu, Cornwall, a distance of 2,800 miles. Marconi is evidently getting there at long range. President Roosevelt and King Edward exchanged the compliments of the season.

A "sensational" discovery has been made in San Francisco, namely, that some imitation pearls have been put in the place of the genuine pearls in the celebrated $15,000 necklace of the late Mrs. Charles Fair. Some time ago the sensational discovery was made in England that some of the pearls in the regal crown were bogus.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

A QUEER BUSINESS.

Although it was alleged when England and Germany undertook to enforce their debt claims against Venezuela that they were acting jointly it seems that Germany has been running that business and that England has been a mere cipher in it. The English commanders threw the responsibility for the seizure in the port of Laguaira of those Venezuelan war vessels and the destruction of the two that were taken to sea and sunk. It was a German cruiser that later shelled a Venezuelan fort shortly after that, and last Saturday it was a German cruiser which shelled the fort at San Carlos, in which it got the worst of it, being hit several times by the Venezuelan gunners and forced to skip out. Wednesday the Panther, the vessel that skipped out, re-enforced by two others, returned and the three opened fire on the fort, destroying it, according to the cabled reports, and the village nearby.

As far as we can gather from the reports the motive in the first attack, last Saturday, was that the Panther was after a little Venezuelan boat, which lay in the harbor under the protection of the guns of the fort, and therefore not being able to reach the vessel the German commander got even by peppering the fort, without any preliminary ceremonies.

In view of the fact that England, Germany and Italy are alleged to be acting jointly in the business, and that propositions are pending for the arbitrament of the claims against Venezula by The Hague tribunal, propositions substantially agreed to by the three claimant powers, this waging war and shelling forts by one of these powers, acting independently, is a queer business, to say the least of it, and puts the others in a somewhat ridiculous and embarrassing position. It looks very much as if Germany, if she approves the action of her commanders, were disposed to run this business in her own way, regardless of the opinions of her allies or of this country and take the chances of forcing a condition that would have to be settled by some other than The Hague tribunal.

It is said that John D. Rockefeller, who suffers much from a defective throat and stomach, recently offered a doctor $1,000,000 if he would equip him with "a new and healthy stomach." The doctor might do that if he were not required to guarantee that it would work all right. Possibly if John were not so fully absorbed in adding to his millions, shucked his coat, chopped about a cord of wood a day, carried up the coal and hustled around more he might get along with the stomach he has.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— New York State has 24,992 patients in her insane asylums, a very large proportion of whom are foreigners. The number increases every year, the net gain being about 700 last year, though there were 4,600 new cases. A strict immigration law would do much to decrease this burden.—*Philadelphia Press, Rep.*

——The frittering away of month after month in fruitless negotiations with the vagabond Government of Colombia over terms of the Isthmian Canal concession through Panama is an outrage on the civilized world. Colombia ought so be willing to pay us liberally instead of exacting pay from us if we build the canal.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— The quick passage of the free coal bill shows that relief in other directions may be obtained as speedily if the majority have the will to serve the public. Here an inch and there inch, but we gradually approach the Democratic ideal of a tariff for revenue only with industries of importance to all the country as outlined by Jefferson and practiced by "The Virginia Dynasty;"—*Jacksonville - Times Union, Dem.*

—— Mr. William H. Seaver, of the National Steel and Wire Company, gave some interesting testing testimony before the House Ways and Means Committee the other day. He said that the steel billet cost $10 less abroad than at home, and added: "At the present time we can buy it abroad and pay the duty cheaper than we can buy it at home." Mr. Seaver was asked if his company sold its finished products for less prices abroad than at home. "Yes," he answered, "because we get the benefit of the drawback." That is how the tariff works for the benefit of the trusts at home and consumers abroad.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in Stomach and Liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

For over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

A Sudden Twinge

Of pain is generally the first warning of an attack of rheumatism. It feels as if the disease were in the bones or muscles, but the real cause of rheumatism is found in impure blood. In order to cure rheumatism the blood must be cleansed of the poisonous impurities which are the cause of the disease.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been very successful in the cure of rheumatism, because it entirely cleanses the blood from the poisonous substances which are the cause of the disease. It not only purifies the blood but by increasing the activity of the blood-making glands, it increases the supply of pure, rich blood which adds to the vigor of every

Herbal organ.

Mr. R. A. McKnight, of Cades, Williamsburg Co., S. C., writes: "I had been troubled with rheumatism for twelve years, so bad at times I could not leave my bed. I was badly crippled. Tried many doctors and two of them gave me up to die. None of them did me much good. The pains in my back, hips and legs (and at times in my head), would nearly kill me. My appetite was very bad. Everybody who saw me said I must die. I took five bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and four vials of 'Pellets,' and to-day my health is good after suffering twelve years with rheumatism."

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Cotton seed are selling at 30 cents a bushel in Kinston now, and the price is bringing lots of them to town. The string of carts seen on the street with cotton seed reminds one of the Fall when tobacco is brought in.

— Chatham *Record*: An effort is being made to organize a new county out of parts of Chatham, Harnett and Moore, with Sanford as the county seat. An effort is also being made to attach a part of Williams township to Durham county. It is not probable that either of these efforts will be successful.

— Charlotte *News*: Charlotte is to have a big quarter of a million dollar ore smelting furnace. A number of wealthy New Yorkers are behind the enterprise. Building will soon begin and the plant will be ready for operation by July. A lot has been purchased in the southern section of the city, near the oil mill. Mr. Frank Meach, of New York city, has been here for several months in connection with this great enterprise.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Fire Wednesday night destroyed the warehouse and finishing department, together with all the content of the Continental Furniture Company, one of the youngest plants in High Point. The origin of the fire is unknown. The watchman had plenty of hose at the factory, but it seems that neither he nor the hoes did their duty in time. The fire had gained considerable headway when the alarm was given, and by the time the fire department arrived the building was a mass of flames. The loss is about $15,000, partly covered by insurance.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Acting upon the advice of his attorneys, Mr. George L. Futrell, a fugitive from justice, returned to his home at Mount Olive Thursday night, surrendered and gave a justified bond of $1,000 for his appearance at April term of court with Messrs. H. J. Pope, J. R. Bell and W. R. Lee as sureties. Mr. Futrell claims that he killed the young negro, Jim Cox, by accident, and when firing the random shot from the buggy in the dark (on the night of October 30th), he was not aware till the next morning that he had hit anyone. Mr. Futrell was at Wilmington all the time since he left home, while it was generally supposed that he had skipped to California. Becoming tired of dodging the law and being confident of acquittal he decided to stand trial. Giving bond without preliminary trial is something new here. —— Hiring hands to go further South to the turpentine farms is not what it used to be in this section. Years ago when agents used to come here regularly with every new year they carried away large numbers of laborers, but those who come now can find very few to take away with them. There is plenty of remunerative employment here at home for all who want it.

TWINKLINGS

— Chivalrous—Teacher—Johnny, you've been fighting. Johnny—Yes'm; Jimmie Brown said his teacher was prettier than you, an' I licked him till he took it back.—*Pick Me Up.*

— "I see you don't remember me, Sir?" "No, Sir; I don't." "I'm Binks. I owe you $50." "Ah! Now that you mention the—ah—sum, I remember you perfectly."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "How did you like the music at the symphony concert?" "Mrs. Torque and I got into such a discussion about its beauty and technique that I really hadn't a chance to listen to it!"—*Baltimore Herald.*

— "Doctor, a week ago you gave me something that you said was good for dyspepsia." "Yes." "Well, now, suppose you give me something that's bad for it. It's been humored enough, Sir."—*Baltimore News.*

— "Doesn't it give you a terrible feeling when you run over a man?" they asked him. "Yes, if he's a large man," replied the automobilist. "It gives me a pretty rough jolt sometimes."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Mrs. Giggs—Coal is wonderfully precious now-a-days. Mrs. Hobbs—Yes, indeed; we have our loads dumped at the front steps so the whole neighborhood can see them.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— The wood famine has become so severe that when a young man goes to see his girl he has to take an armload of wood with him, and when it is burned he must either leave or by staying take chances of freezing.—*Paris (Mo.) Mercury.*

— Anxious Resident — Hello! Hello! Is this Smith's coal office? Coal Dealer—Yes; what do you want? A. R.—I've only got coal enough in my cellar to last until to-night— Coal Dealer (interrupting)—That's good. What'll you take for it?—*Washington Times.*

— "I have broken the record," wrote home the student from college. "I don't care a hang if you did," scrawled back the father, "but if the record you broke is very expensive you'll hev to work an' pay fer the mendin' o' it yourself!"—*Baltimore Herald.*

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SHORT SKIRT COSTUMES.

They Are Made of Hairy Goods In All Shades.

The new short skirt costumes are very popular for street wear. They are made much longer than formerly. The skirts barely escape the ground, and the jackets are made in a variety of pretty ways. Chief among these is the norfolk jacket with its three plaits modified into a pouched effect in front.

The majority of these walking costumes are made of zibeline and all the fancy hairy goods. Gray, ranging from the pale shade to gun metal, is the favorite color.

EMPIRE NEGLIGEE.

Very smart little suits are also made of rough blue goods, the jackets box shaped and the skirts with a stitched front gore, sometimes ornamented with bone buttons to match those on the jacket.

The skirts of these suits are almost invariably lined with silk to match and the jackets with white or pale gray satin.

The empire negligee shown in the cut is of pale blue cashmere, with the bolero of Irish lace.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

FOR DRESSY WEAR.

The New Furs, Velvets and Crepe de Chines.

The new furs are very much altered in shape and have more the style of a flat stole, while the fluffier types of fur are arranged more like a cape ruffle. The flat stoles are rounded up and caught together with a handsome clasp. These are very new and effective and have a dainty appearance when finished by a hemmed tie of spotted net or a strip of chiffon or tulle.

Brown velvet is very fashionable just now. A smart costume recently

CALLING GOWN.

seen of this had the skirt very simply trimmed with tabs of brown velvet arranged in groups and a medallion of string colored lace in diamond shapes, through which the tabs were passed. The deep collar and the sleeves also showed this trimming of velvet and lace, and the hat was of the flat, projecting fashion trimmed with chic bows of deep red velvet and drooping clusters of red and black cherries.

The elaborate gown in the cut is made of gun metal crepe de chine. The waist has a full bolero, fastening by a single strap over a blouse of pink chiffon. The undersleeves are also of the chiffon, which, by the way, is run through with tiny butter colored insertion. The skirt is shirred around the hips and has three ruffles around the bottom.

The hat is of pink chiffon and roses.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

R. B. JOHN, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Magnolia, Providence, Jan. 24, 25.
Clinton, Clinton, Jan. 30.
Kenansville, Friendship, Jan. 31, Feb. 1.
Bladen, Bethlehem, Feb. 7, 8.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Feb. 9.
Carver's Creek, Council Station Feb. 10.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, Feb. 14, 15.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Half Moon, Feb. 21, 22.

District Stewards will please meet in the Ladies' Parlor, Grace church, Wilmington, Tuesday Dec. 30th, at 1 o'clock.

Missionary Institute will be held at Grace church Feb. 4th and 5th, 1903.

A Marvelous Invention.

Wonders never cease. A machine has been invented that will cut, paste and hang wall paper. The field of inventions and discoveries seem to be unlimited. Notable among great discoveries is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It has done a world of good for weak lungs and has saved many a life. Thousand have used it and conquered Grip, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption. Their general verdict is: "It's the best and most reliable medicine for Throat and Lung troubles." Every 50c and $1.00 bottle is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Trial bottles free.

FALLING HAIR

Save Your Hair with Shampoos of Cuticura Soap and Dressings of Cuticura,

Purest, Sweetest, Most Effective and Economical Remedies

For Making the Hair Grow when All Else Fails.

Prevent baldness and cleanse the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff with shampoos of Cuticura Soap, and light dressings with Cuticura, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales and dandruff, destroys hair parasites, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, loosens the scalp skin, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions now rely on Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes, which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Sale greater than the world's product of other skin cures. Sold throughout the civilized world.

THE NEW MILLINERY.

Picture Hats, Turbans, Toques, Tricornes and Other Shapes.

Large picture hats, with their soft zibeline surfaced brims, are twisted and turned, supported by invisible wires, to quaint and becoming shapes.

Ostrich plumes, ospreys and sweeping amazones will be extensively used, together with jet passementerie and guipure, as garnitures, and, by the

TOQUE WITH ASTRAKHAN TRIMMING.

way, these plumes and feathers are fashioned to fall downward toward the hair and neck.

Velvet, soft beaver and the finest of felt all find their admirers in hats, while just at present moire is the most popular fabric of all in Paris.

As for the shape, the three cornered hat is more worn, and there is a round turban invariably trimmed at one side of the back with an ostrich feather, while the front of the brim is garlanded with lines of jet beads. These beads look extremely well on a white felt or silk foundation.

The velvet turban is very pretty, and the turban of soft beaver is admirable. The hat with the brim higher on either side than it is at the center, open at the back and filled in with a scarf is also in evidence, and a very pretty hat it is.

The pretty Paris hat here sketched shows a novel trimming, mousseline d'astrakhan, which is black curly silk exactly resembling astrakhan. It has the advantage of not being heavy and much easier to adapt than the actual fur.

Long haired soft plush composes broad flat toques, adorned on one side by a gorgeously colored cock's head, the long, narrow feather trailing around, encircling the brim.

A felt hat with a curling brim, having a pretty trimming of colored velvet foliage and acorns, is a smart example to wear with a walking costume.

BLUE GRASS.

Blue grass is a great civilizer and beautifier. Uninvited, it comes creeping, creeping, and wages an unceasing and relentless war on all forms of weed life. It mats the lawn and the roadside with a carpet of velvet, dismantles the drained bog of its rushes, imbeds the rocks in a border of greenery, borders the babbling brook, carpets the steep hillside, creeps reverently over the new made grave and softens and beautifies the home of the dead. responds to the first touch of the south wind and the spring sun and remains green and ever young under the drifting snows of the winter. Humblest of all grasses, its mission is of untold beneficence to the world.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—9 bales cotton. 20 barrels rosin, 44 barrels tar.

W. & W. Railroad—269 bales cotton

W., C. & A. Railroad—451 bales cotton, 23 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—1 bale cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine, 34 barrels tar.

Steamer Highlander—11 casks spirits turpentine, 67 barrels rosin, 122 barrels tar.

Tug Emma with Flat—250 barrels rosin.

Schooner Leah—39 barrels rosin.

Total—730 bales cotton, 23 casks spirits turpentine, 376 barrels rosin, 223 barrels tar, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, January 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 59c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.55 per barrel for strained and $1.60 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $3.00 per barrel for hard, $3.50 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 43@42c; rosin firm at $1.10@1.15; tar firm at $1.35; crude turpentine firm at $1.35@2.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	23
Rosin	376
Tar	223
Crude turpentine	7

Receipts same day last year—10 casks spirits turpentine, 404 barrels rosin, 374 barrels tar, 146 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6¼	cts. ₱ lb
Good ordinary	7¼	" "
Low middling	8¼	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good middling	9¼	" "

Same day last year, market steady at 7¾c for middling.

Receipts—730 bales; same day last year, 1,503.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish (new), 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 65@67½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 12½c.

EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@30c; springs, 15@20c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 12@12½c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 50c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at 2@4c per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Money on call easier at 2½@4½ per cent, closing at 2½ per cent.; time money steady; 60 days, 4¼@4½ per cent; 90 days, 4¼@4¼ per cent.; six months 4¼@5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with the actual business in bankers' bills at 486 90@486 95 for demand and at 483.90@483.95 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½ and 487½@488 Commercial bills 483@484. Bar silver 48. Mexican dollars 37½. Government bonds steady. State bonds—no report. Railroad bonds irregular. U S. funding 2's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109; U. S. 3's, registered, 107; do. coupon, 107¼. U. S. 4's, new registered, 134½; do. coupon, 136½; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 110; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 5's, registered, 103; do. coupon 104¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 117 Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 101¼. Chesapeake & Ohio 53; Manhattan L 152¾; New York Central 151¾; Reading 61½; do. 1st preferred 87; do. 2nd preferred 74½; St. Paul 178; do. pref'd, 191; Southern Railway 35½; do. pref'd 94¾; Amalgamated Copper 63¾; People's Gas 103¾; Sugar 130; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63¾; U. S. Leather 12¾; do. pref'd, 88¾; Western Union 90¾; U. S. Steel 37; do. pref'd 87; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 63½; do. preferred, 121¾. Sales 300 preferred. Standard Oil, 736@737.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 22.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 25¾; do. preferred, bonds, 43¾; fours, 83¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 21—Rosin firm. Strained common to good $1 95@2 00. Spirits turpentine firm at 61½@62.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 58½c bid; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — casks; A, B, C, $1 60; D, $1 60; E, $1 60; F, $1 65; G, $1 75; H, $2 00; I, $2 35; K, $2 85; M, $3 30; N, $3 50; W G, $3 75; W W $4 15.

SAVANNAH, Jan 22—Spirits turpentine was firm at 59c; receipts 257 casks; sales 425 casks; exports 43 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 2,889 barrels; sales — barrels; exports 1,000 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, $1 65, D, $1 65; E, $1 65; F, $1 70; G, $1 85; H, $2 05; I, $2 40; K $2 90; M, $3 35; N, $3 55. W G, $3 80; W W, $4 20.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 22 —The cotton market opened at an advance of three to four points, cables being strong with large activity reported at Liverpool on account of Egyptian speculators, some placing the total of their purchase in the English market at 6,000 bales. There was a further advance of one to two points on the more active positions, when it became apparent that public buying orders were not of large volume and the market commenced to sag; a decline of five and seven points from the top ensued. The weakness was increased by indications that receipts would exceed early estimates The early estimates pointed to port receipts of 28,000 bales for the day; later estimates increased to 29,000; the actual total was 28,538 bales, against 32,111 bales last year. The amounts of cotton to be brought into sight this week is variously estimated at 290,000 to 330,000; close estimates being impossible by reason of the fact that a large amount of cotton is prepared for shipment abroad without certainty as to date of shipment. The "in sight" movement this week will run against 285,536 the corresponding week last year, 312,963 in 1901 and 219 139 in 1900. The selling was arrested by encouraging reports from Fall River and from the dry goods trade, with certain lines of cotton goods reported to be scarce and tending upward. The market on this news rallied and closed quiet at one to four points advance Total sales futures 325,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Cotton quiet at 8.95c; net receipts 218 bales; gross receipts 5,919 bales; stock 167,763 bales.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 8.95c; middling gulf 9.20c; sales 1,300 bales.

Futures opened firm and closed quiet. The closing quotations were: January 8.77, February 8.73, March 8.79, April 8.81, May 8.83, June 8.82, July 8.83, August 8.62, September 8.25, October 8.12.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 28,538 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 281 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 18,621 bales; stock 1,082,888 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 172,201 bales; exports to Great Britain 66,753 bales; exports to France 13,118 bales; exports to the Continent 61,763 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 5 815,788 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,749,694 bales; exports to France 493,679 bales; exports to the Continent 1,778,176 bales

Jan. 22.—Galveston, firm at 8 13-16c, net receipts 4,869 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8 13-16c, net receipts 2,842 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¾, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 8.95, net receipts 604 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼, net receipts 730 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9.20c, net receipts 594 bales; Savannah, steady at 8¾c, net receipts 4,601 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8¾c, net receipts 7,433 bales; Mobile, dull at 8¾c, net receipts 705 bales; Memphis, firm at 8 11-16c, net receipts 1,589 bales; Augusta, firm at 8 15 16c, net receipts 561 bales; Charleston, firm at 8¾, net receipts 395 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Flour was firm and a shade higher; Minnesota patents $4 15@4 35; winter straights $3 50@3 65. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 83¾c. At Chicago the support of wheat was continued on a large scale to-day, prices rose to the highest point of the movement. A big export trade coupled with higher English cables and less favorable home crop news helped the bulls. The market closed firm and ¼@¾c net higher: March closed 85¾c; May closed 83¾c; July closed 80¾c Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 65c. Option market was quiet again but very firm all day on covering, induced by cables, the wheat advance and export demands, closed firm at ¼@1¼c net advance: January closed 65; February closed 57¾; March closed 55¾c; May closed 50¾c; July closed 48¾c. Oats—Spot firmer; No. 2, 44c. Options were fairly active and stronger; May closed 41¾c. Pork quiet. Rice firm. Lard dull; Western steam $10 45; refined quiet; continent $10 60; compound 7¼@7¾c. Butter steady; extra creamery 26c; State dairy 18@25c. Cheese firm; new State full cream, small colored, fancy fall made 14¼c; small white, fall made, 14¼@14¾c. Tallow firm; city ($2 per package) 6@6¼c. Coffee—Spot quiet. Peanuts steady; fancy hand picked 4¼@4¾c; other domestic 3@4¾c. Cabbages quiet; domestic, per barrel red $1 00@1 25; white 75@90c. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 13c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania average best 25c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3 5-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 13-16c; molasses sugar 3 1-16c; refined quiet. Potatoes were quoted steady; Long Island $2 00@2 25; South Jersey sweets $2 50@3 75; Jerseys $1 75@3 00; New York and Western per 180 lbs., $1 50@3 00. Cotton seed oil was steady on spot and firmer to arrive; offerings somewhat lighter. Closing prices: Prime crude here nominal; prime crude f. o. b. mills 34@34½c; prime summer yellow 40½c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45c; prime meal $27 50@28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—The wheat market was again the center of attraction on the Board of Trade to-day and still further gains were made, May closing 1¾c higher. May corn was ¾@¾c and May oats were ¾c higher. Provisions closed strong, with the May delivery from 2½c to 10@12½c higher.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Cash prices: Flour dull and firm. Wheat—No. 3 spring 78@83c; No. 3 spring 73@80c; No. 3 red 77@77½c. Corn—No. 2 47¾c; No. 2 yellow 47¾c. Oats—No. 2 34¾c; No. 2 white 38c; No. 3 white 34¾c. Rye—No. 2 —c. Mess pork, per barrel, $18 00. Lard, per 100 lbs., $10 10. Short rib sides, loose, $8 97½@9 23¾. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 50@8 75. Short clear side, boxed, $9 37½@9 63¾. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 77, 77¾, 77, 77¾c; May 80¾@80¾, 81¾, 80¾, 81¾c; July 75¼@75¾, 76, 75¼, 75¾c. Corn—No 2, January 47¾, 48, 47 47¾; May 44¼@44¾, 45 44@44¼, 44¾@45c; July 43, 43¾@43¾, 43¾@43¾, 43¾c. Oats—No 2 January 34¾; May 36¾@36¾, 36¾, 36@36¾, 36¾c; July 33¾, 33¾, 33¾, 33¾c. Mess pork, per bbl—January $19 00, 19 12½, 19 00, 19 10; May $16 62½, 16 87½, 16 62½, 16 82½. Lard, per 100 lbs.—January $10 12½, 10 12½, 10 07½, 10 10; May $9 55, 9 62½, 9 55, 9 65; July $9 40, 9 42½, 9 37½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $9 07½, 9 10, 9 07½, 9 10; May $9 17½, 9 25, 9 17½, 9 25; July $9 07½, 9 12½, 9 05, 9 10.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 22.—Cotton: Spot, good business done; prices two to four points higher; American middling fair 5.46d; good middling 5.03d; middling 4.84d; low middling 4.73d; good ordinary 4.60d; ordinary 4.48d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 10,000 bales American. Receipts 10,000 bales, including 1,800 bales American.

Futures opened firm and closed barely steady; American middling (g o c) January 4.87d; January and February 4.76d; February and March 4.76d; March and April 4.76d; April and May 4.77d; May and June 4.77@4.78d; June and July 4.77@4.78d; July and August 4.77d; August and September 4.69d; September and October 4.47d; October and November 4.36d.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Highlander, Whitted, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Stmr City of Fayetteville, Worth, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Schooner Estelle, 343 tons, Hutchenson, Carteret,

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE WEELITTLES IN BOSTON.

FIND THE SCHOOLTEACHER.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS

THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs, N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the bank of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf su

Fire Insurance.

Plate Glass, Marine, Life, Accident and Employer's Liability. Agent for Royal Exchange Assurance of London.

ASSETS $25,211,566.00. 182 Years Old.

And five other reliable companies represented.
Lowest rates charged on Plate Glass Insurance.
No policy fee charged after December 20th, 1902.

JAMES OWEN REILLY,

Notary Public and Insurance Agent,
110 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 23 tf

A Startler In Embroideries.

Our Spring Embroideries are here. Arrived six weeks ahead of time, so we intend to get ahead of the other fellows. Monday morning we put them on sale—hundreds of pieces—very latest patterns, and our "always lowest" prices have been clipped still lower.

Sale begins 9 A. M.

Will also close out a lot of White Cambric, value ten cents. Our price 7c yard.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

jan 18 tf

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

Marriage and the Modern Girl

"MARRIAGE is a failure!" sighed Mrs. Smith.

"Is a failure just now," corrected Mrs. Brown.

"Humph!" ejaculated Miss Jones. Being unmarried, she had opinions of her own. "Why do girls marry then?" she asked.

"Oh, dear me, for a thousand reasons," answered Mrs. Brown briskly. "Take me, for instance. I fell in love with John at first sight. Then any number of girls marry because they consider it the proper thing to do, and they're afraid they won't have another chance, and a lot more marry because they're unhappy at home or marry because they are nagged into it and others because the poetry of the thing appeals to them"—

"The poetry of marriage!"

"No, of course not! The poetry of being made love to. And there's still another class—those who get trapped into it."

"Trapped into it!"

"Oh, yes. I don't mean by others—by themselves. They form platonic friendships with uneligible young men their common sense tells them they ought not to marry. First thing they know they lose their hearts, and before

"A GIRL MUST MAKE AN ANALYSIS OF THE MAN SHE INTENDS TO MARRY."

they have a chance to recover they are dragged to the altar and, presto, the thing is done!"

Miss Jones cleared her throat. "Thanks to the modern advancement of women," she remarked, "they no longer consider marriage the chief aim and end of their existence."

"Don't say a thing, my dear, about the bachelor girl," put in Mrs. Brown. "She has a pretty horrid little trick of her own. As long as she is successful she scoffs at marriage; when she becomes ill or breaks down or doesn't succeed or something or other, she falls limply into the hands of the first man."

"After all, what do you consider the best kind of marriage?"

"The best sort of marriage," mused Mrs. Brown. "Well, let me see. Yes, it's this—a blending of love and of companionship. Love there must be, but also certain tastes in common, so that life may not be too desolate when love has gone."

"But according to you, then, a girl must make an analysis of the man she intends to marry."

"She must—she does—and that's mainly the difference between the old fashioned and the modern maiden. The modern maiden is critical because she knows she has to be. She has thoughts, ideas, aspirations, of her own. She is no longer a blank page to be written upon by the man, and she must see to it that his natural bent does not clash with hers. That is why when she does choose as a rule she chooses well."

"But the papers never were so full of divorces as now."

"True. In the old times women suffered in silence. Now they simply won't stand for what they used to. Then, too, my dear, if you study these cases you will see that the women in them as a rule belong to the old regime, the regime of the women who loved at first sight, who leaped before they looked."

"Then you don't believe in love at first sight?"

"No. The love which comes at second or even third sight is much more worth having. The love which comes after a sight of the man's finer qualities is the love to be relied upon."

"Yet you started out by saying marriage was a failure."

"True. At this particular stage of affairs it seems to be, and the reason is mainly this: Women themselves have changed, and half of them don't stop to realize it. They can't marry on sentiment alone any more now. When all the women realize this and have the courage to let their heads guide their hearts, marriage will be elevated to a happier and a nobler plane." MAUD ROBINSON.

We recently read a pathetic little yarn about a man going to an auction sale where he put up for sale a pair of old horses which he had raised and worked with for twenty-four years and how he had a bad crying spell when the auctioneer knocked them down to some horse trader for a nominal sum. We do not see why, if he thought so much of the old team and could no longer keep them, he was not tender hearted enough to have them humanely killed and decently buried instead of sniffling over the results of one of the meanest things which a man can do.

We went by a farmyard the other day where a man was wading around in a pair of rubber boots through a good eight inches in depth of semi-liquid, mushy manure. He seemed to be after a cow, trying to milk her. This same man had two or three stacks of old straw lying out in his fields, right in the way of his plow, which he will have to burn up to get rid of this spring. Somebody tell us why he did not know enough to haul that straw into his yard and thus secure a clean and wholesome place for his cattle and at the same time make a lot of most valuable fertilizer? Just too lazy: that's all.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. G.Shepar

HAT FASHIONS.

Ingenious Imitations of Fur and Feathers.

The new millinery shows ingenuity as well as charm. Both fur and feathers are imitated in weaving, while real feather flues uncurled are supporting the return of fringes. Some about an inch in depth are applied in continuous circles on the large flat crowns. Be

A SMART HAT.

the shape what it may, flatness is the marked characteristic of the hats of the moment. Felt, smooth and hairy, and the fluffy silk beavers play an important part, but moire cloth and velvet, especially white, hold their own.

Feathers assume a new aspect. Bird of paradise plumes are fashioned into bows and loops and into cockades and aigrets.

Large flat hats after the Lamballe order are much worn. Some of the crowns are of white cloth, some of white moire. Drawn louisine hats are another novelty.

Large hats are made of sable and gray squirrel. They are trimmed with tabs of bright colored velvets.

The smart tailor made hat in the illustration is of black beaver, trimmed with a scarf of red silk, black panne straps and two wings, the one black and red, the other white.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

The Structure of Ferns.

When flowering plants usually make seed, that is generally the last effort for plant life. The seed is the beginning of the life of the new plant. Ferns, however, only produce spores for reproductive purposes. These spores germinate and go through the same process subsequently that flowers go through in the production of seeds. The spores expand when the germinating time comes and form a flat, green membrane. What are then really the flowers appear on this membrane. As a general rule after these fern flowers have matured the membrane dries up and disappears. In one family of ferns, however, natives of New Holland, named platycerium, this green blade is permanent and continues to enlarge, becoming really a portion of the plant. Every year a new blade is formed which spreads over the old ones. The large plant is of a totally different character, having the fronds of ordinary ferns.

Tried to Conceal It.

It's the old story of "murder will out," only in this case there's no crime. A woman feels run down, has backache or dyspepsia and think's it's nothing and tries to hide it until she finally breaks down. Don't deceive yourself. Take Electric Bitters at once. It has a reputation for curing Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and will revivify your whole system. The worst forms of those maladies will quickly yield to the curative powers of Electric Bitters. Only 50 cents, and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

CASH PAID FOR Beeswax

If you have some to sell ship it to us and will allow you

27 1-2c Per Lb.,

F. O. B. Wilmington.

Williamsville Mfg Co.,

Williamsville, Mass.

sep 21 3m su we fr

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN ESTABLISHED 1831

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper, AND ADMITTEDLY THE Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

Single Subscription, $1.50;
Two Subscriptions, $2.50;
Five Subscriptions, $5.00.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES

will be mailed free on request. It will pay anybody interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.

☞ Subscriptions taken at this office. Both papers together, $

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S BIG STORE

On North Front Street

IS CATERING TO YOUR WANTS WITH THE NICEST LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

In the City.

In shrunk and spun Serges 36 inches wide we have all colors—Black, Navy, Garnett and Green—that are regular 60c value. We sell them at 50c.

In colored Tricots we have a big line of new shades—Pink, Green, light Blue, etc—strictly all wool, at 25c per yard.

Imported Beautiful Shirt Waistings in silk and wool finish running at 48c, all colors.

Standard 32-inch heavy Serge we are selling at 69c yard.

Heavy reversible, all wool 54-inch goods—need no lining, for 50c per yard. Heavy Melton cloth for Ladies' skirts—27 inches wide for 20, 25 and 35c yard.

A big line of beautiful Spring shades in A. F. C. Gingham, at 10c per yard—best quality.

10c Madras in short lengths selling for 7c yard. A. C. A. Gingham at 6c per yard. Splendid Apron checks for 5c yard. Pee Dee Plaid—best quality for 5c yard. 1200 yards extra heavy and wide plaids at 5c yard. A plenty of Rockingham Homespun at 5c yard. The best quality of Sea Island Shirting at 5c yard. The best feather proof Bed Tick at 14c yard.

Red, White, and Blue Flannels, from 12½ to 50c yard. In our Silk department our stock is complete. Yard wide black Taffetta at $1.00, $1.19 and $1.39 per yard.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Just received 450 pair Vicious Shoes that we are having a special run on at $1.50, equal to any $2.00 shoes sold in the city. We have a big line of Rubber Shoes for Men, Children and Women. The best quality of $1.00 Good year Rubbers at 75c. Men's roll edge Rubbers at 55c. Ladies' Rubbers for 25 to 50c. Children's Rubbers from 10c to 35c.

Men's Rubber Boots from $2.25 to $3.50. House Slippers for Ladies and Gentlemen—we sell the U-Never-'Em brand—soft and flexible, and will give good service, from 40 to 65c a pair. We sell all grades of Children Shoes, and we sell the cheap, good shoes for a little money.

Blankets! Cold Weather Blankets!! We have too many Blankets, and we want to sell you some cheap. Blankets at $1 a pair less than they were last year. We have Cotton Blankets for 23c each. Heavy Wool Mixed Blankets at $1; 11-4 Wool Mixed Blankets at $1.85; N. C. Elken Mill All-Wool Rose Blankets at $3, sold for $4; 11-4 All-Wool Rose Blankets for $4 a pair. We find that we are overstocked in Blankets, and we want to sell them low.

Overalls—for Engineers, Firemen, Machinists, Plumbers and Laborers. We sell the Newfoot Standard $1 Overalls. The J. C. Overalls at $1 each. The Railroad Overalls are 50 and 75c. We have a Heavy Weight Overall for 39c. Coats and Pants to match and a full line of sizes.

Boys' Pants! Mothers, we can sell you Boys' Pants, made of all wool worsted and made with tape seams, for 50c a pair, all sizes.

Men's heavy working pants at $1 a pair; extra heavy, nice-looking pants at $1.25; we carry a big line of fine pants from $2 to $4 a pair. Heavy, all-worsted pants, worth $3, for $2 50 a pair. We have about 100 men's suits to close out—we need the room. Suits we sold for $7.50 and $8 we will sell for $5, strictly all-wool and nice looking; this is a chance to get a nice suit for $5, many of them for less than cost.

We also have a big line of boys' suits to sell out, good suits for little money; strictly all-wool suit for $3, and up; boys' heavy cheviot waists for 35c; white launderied waists with tape extension band for 50c.

Lap robes for baby carriages—a nice line of colors for 75c each; for buggies—a nice new stock that will run in price from $1.50 to $4.50 each, all pretty colors. A new lot of rugs just received: 4-4 Smyrna all-wool rugs for 75c; 5-4 size for $1.48, 6-4 for $1.98, 8-4 for $2.75 and 10-4 for $4 50. Art squares 37½c square yards; 7½ by 9 are $2.75 each; 9 by 9 for $3.75 each and 9 by 12 for $4.50 for each.

Our store is full of new goods and our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest. We are furnishing cards with all cash purchases and giving away presents every day.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

"District Agents" for the

"CLARKS CUTAWAY DISC HARROWS,"

One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech C. ding Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

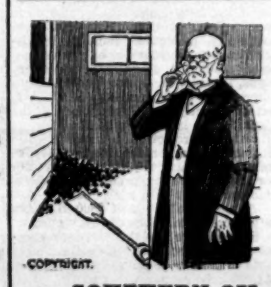
sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

$3.00 Will Buy $3.00

Any SHOE in Our Window. Try one pair and you will say they are the best $3 00 Shoes you ever wore; for Ladies, Gents and Boys. Come and see us.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 11 tf



COPYRIGHT.

WHAT OFTEN HAPPENS!

You have less coal in the cellar than you thought. The strike has put the price of Anthracite beyond our reach; however, we have on hand a large quantity of

Red Jacket Egg,
Tennessee Jellico,
Mountain Ash and Coke,

which are the best substitutes for Anthracite. Will be pleased to receive your orders, and will do our best to please you.

The Coal, Cement & Supply Co.

Davis' 100 per cent. pure Paints, Colors and Varnishes, and

SOUTHERN OIL AND SUPPLY CO.'S

Lubricating, Linseed and Illuminating Oils.

Give us trial order. 214 South Front street,
'Phones—Inter State 73, Bell 645. jan 6 tf

ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.,

16 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.,

Solicits your account. Pays 4 per cent. interest on deposits, compounded quarterly. Deposits made on or before February 2nd will draw interest from February 1st.

MATT J. HEYER, President, E. H. J. AHRENS, Vice President
MITCHELL P. ALLEN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

L. B. Rogers, J. G. L. Gieschen, B. H. J. Ahrens, B. Solomon, Martin O'Brien, R. R. Bellamy, John H. Kuck I. M. Bear, C. W. Yates, D. McEachern, Matt J. Heyer. dec 25 tf

An Expression of Thanks.

The fiscal year just closed was the most prosperous in the history of the Atlantic National Bank. The management desires to extend to its friends and customers at home and abroad its thanks for their good will and generous patronage, which has contributed so largely to such successful results.

The bank will continue to handle all business with the same liberality, and proper regard for safety which has characterized its course heretofore.

J. S. ARMSTRONG, President. ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.
J. W. YATES, Assistant Cashier.

jan 18 tf

DUCRO'S ELIXIR

ATTIMESTARY

Highly recommended for its TONIC Properties and as a Preventive for All Kinds of Fevers.

E. DUCRO & CO. 20-26 N. William St., N. Y.

dec 1 tf fr

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

LOW ROUND TRIP

Rates From Wilmington

Mardi-Gras, New Orleans, La., Feb. 18th-24th, 1903. Dates of sale Feb. 17th to 23rd, inclusive. Final limit Feb. 28th. Rate, $25.00. By deposit of tickets by original purchasers with Mr. Joseph Richardson, special agent, New Orleans, not earlier than Feb. 18th nor later than Feb. 28th and upon payment of fee of 50 cts. per ticket at time of deposit an extension of the final limit to a date not later than March 14th, 1903, may be obtained.

W. J. CRAIG,
Approved: Gen'l Passenger Agent.
H. M. EMERSON,
Traffic Manager.

nov 15 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

Schedule in Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

TRAIN 29 Leaves Wilmington at 4.20 P. M., arrives Lamberton 6.50 P. M., Pembroke 7.20 P. M., Maxton 7.35 P. M., Hamlet 8.40 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Hamlet at 8.30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9.15 A. M., Pembroke 9.43 A. M., Lumberton 10.09 A. M., Wilmington 11.30 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	8 50 a m	9 00 p m
Ar Monroe	10 32 a m	10 45 p m
Ar Charlotte	11 40 a m	11 50 p m
Ar Chester	12 01 p m	12 20 p m
Ar Greenwood	2 19 p m	2 25 a m
Ar Athens	3 19 p m	4 15 a m
Ar Atlanta	7 40 p m	6 15 a m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Washville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	5 00 a m	8 45 a m	9 30 p m
Ar Columbia	7 24 a m	11 55 a m	1 10 a m
Ar Savannah	9 45 a m	3 15 p m	4 35 a m
Ar Jacksonville	1 20 p m	7 40 p m	8 15 a m
Ar Tampa		6 45 a m	6 00 p m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.25 p m	8 45 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 15 a m	11.45 a m	2.36 a m
Ar Norlina	3 18 a m	1.20 p m	
Ar Petersburg	5.32 a m	4.10 p m	
Ar Richmond	6.30 a m	4.50 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Washington	9 45 a m	8.35 p m	10 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	10.54 a m	11.38 p m	11.34 a m
Ar New York	2.15 p m	5.30 a m	4.15 p m

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 13 tf

READ DOWN.

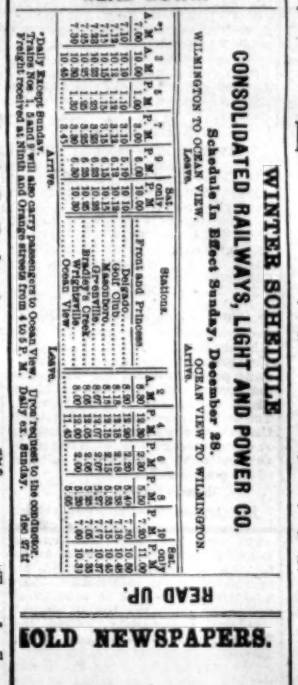
WINTER SCHEDULE

CONSOLIDATED RAILWAYS, LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Schedule in Effect Sunday, December 28.

WILMINGTON TO OCEAN VIEW.

OCEAN VIEW TO WILMINGTON.



READ UP.

SOLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Family Groceries.

FINE DRESSED

Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs.

All kinds of choice Family Groceries.

Cheapest Grocery in the city.

C. O. ALEXANDER.

No. 15 North Second St.

jan 3 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 40
Lv Wilmington	2 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12.21 p m	9 08 p m
Ar Wilson	1 18 p m	10 40 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 45 p m	11 36 p m
Ar Norlina	3 50 p m	
Ar Weldon	4 55 p m	1 45 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 03 p m	3 05 a m
Ar Richmond	7 45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11.40 p m	7 54 a m
Ar Baltimore	1.33 a m	9 10 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 05 a m	11 35 a m
Ar New York	7.15 a m	2.00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	8 55 a m	9.25 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 30 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 44 p m	2.27 a m
Ar Washington	3.10 p m	3.45 a m
Ar Norfolk		9.00 a m
Ar Richmond	5 56 p m	6.30 a m
Ar Petersburg	7 35 p m	8 13 a m
Ar Weldon	9.04 p m	11 22 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10.07 p m	12 50 p m
Ar Wilson	10 48 p m	1.46 p m
Ar Goldsboro	7.18 a m	2.55 p m
Ar Wilmington	10.10 a m	5.45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv Wilmington	6.00 a m	2.45 p m	7.00 p m
Ar Florence	9 38 a m	7.30 p m	3.50 a m
Ar Charleston	1.10 p m	11.15 p m	8.45 a m
Ar Savannah	6.35 p m	3.00 a m	7.55 a m
Ar Jacksonville		6.00 a m	12.45 p m
Ar Tampa		7.00 p m	10.00 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.
Lv Tampa	8.00 p m	9.30 a m
Ar Jacksonville	7.30 a m	7.00 p m
Ar Savannah	1.10 p m	1.15 a m
Ar Charleston	5.15 p m	5.25 a m
Ar Florence	8 00 p m	9 45 a m
Ar Wilmington	11.45 p m	1.40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily.	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	9 10 a m	Ar. 8.00 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 21 p m	Ar. 5.00 p m
Ar Sanford	1 50 p m	Lv. 3.45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday.	South Bound
Lv Wilmington	2 35 p m	Ar. 12 05 p m
Ar Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv. 9 05 a m

‡Via Wilson.

Trains Nos 40 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG,
Gen'l Passenger Agent
H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 31 tf

J. W Murchison & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE,

No. 109 and 111 North Front St.,

Wilmington, N. C.

Hardware of every description at the very closest prices. We buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than those who buy in smaller quantities.

Complete line of Agricultural Implements and Mechanics' Tools. We can sell you from a Tack Hammer to a Steam Engine, and from a Plow Point to the latest improved Farming Machinery.

Fine stock of Cutlery, Guns, Pistols and Sporting Goods. Loaded Shells with Black or Smokeless Powder, Hunting Suits, Game Bags, etc.

Cooking Stoves and Steel Ranges from the largest to the smallest in size as well as price. Tinware, Agate Ware and Wooden Ware, Buckets for the well and domestic purposes. Plows, Harrows, Sweeps, Hoes, Shovels and Spades at prices to suit the farmer. Knives and Forks, Cutlery, etc. Cart Axles, Boxes, Collars and Hames, Trace Chains, Back-bands and everything used on a well regulated farm.

jan 8 tf

Fancy Fruits!

California Pears,

Malaga Grapes,

FLORIDA ORANGES,

Grape Fruit,

Apples and Bananas.

Let me have your orders early.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

Bell 'Phone 680. jan 17 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 45	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 29	Kinston	10 13	.....
5 45	5 50	Newbern	8 57	9 05
7 50	7 07	Morehead City	7 00	7 20
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.05 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.00 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf T. M. DILL, Sup't.

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C., Lines

From New York for Wilmington:

ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 10
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 17

From Wilmington for New York.

CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 10
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 17

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

CLYDE..... Tuesday, Jan. 6
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 13

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
FRED. G. ROYS, General Manager,
19 State Street, New York.

jan 3 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING JANUARY 23.

HOUSE LEADERS WENT DOWN IN DEFEAT.

Minority Report on Philippine Coinage Bill Adopted—American Coinage System to Be Introduced.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The House leaders went down to signal defeat to-day when the House, by a vote of 145 to 128, rejected the Philippine coinage bill reported by the Committee on Insular Affairs and adopted the substitute offered by the minority, under the leadership of Mr. Jones, of Virginia, for the introduction of American currency and the American coinage system in the islands. The insular committee includes in its membership the chairmen of the most powerful committees of the House—Mr. Cannon, chairman of the Appropriations; Mr. Hitt, chairman of Foreign Affairs; Mr. Payne, chairman of Ways and Means; Mr. Hepburn, chairman of Interstate Commerce, and Mr. Tawney, chairman of the Committee on Expositions. They reported a bill to establish the gold standard in the islands and to authorize the coinage of silver pesos of 416 grains, to be made legal tender at the rate of two pesos for one gold dollar. The majority members made a gallant fight for their bill, but a considerable number of Republicans, twenty-eight on the final vote, under the lead of Mr. Hill of Connecticut, Mr. Fowler of New Jersey, and Mr. McCall of Massachusetts, joined with the Democrats and carried through the substitute. The fact that Secretary Shaw and other high Treasury officials were quoted on the floor as favoring the substitute aided in the overthrow of the committee bill.

The substitute passed provides that the lawful money of the United States shall be legal tender in the Philippines and declares the coinage laws of the United States to be in full force there. It provides for the redemption of the Mexican and Spanish silver at their bullion value. After six months, no coin except that of the United States shall be legal tender. The bill provides for re coinage of Philippine silver.

The Alaska delegates bill was taken up and was supported by Mr. Cushman, Republican, Washington; Mr. Wooten, Democrat, Texas, and Mr. Sulzer, Democrat, New York, and Mr. Warner, Republican, Illinois.

The House adjourned until to-morrow.

In the Senate.

The Statehood bill occupied the entire attention of the Senate to-day except for a few routine matters which came up during the morning hour. After a brief executive session, an adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

CHARLESTON COLLECTORSHIP

Nomination of W. D. Crum Considered by the Senate Committee on Commerce. Opposition to Confirmation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 22. — The nomination of Dr. W. D. Crum, a colored man, to be collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., was to-day the subject of an hour's hearing by the Senate Committee on Commerce, before which the nomination is pending. Senator Tillman, Mayor Smyth of Charleston and Colonel J. C. Hemphill appeared in opposition to confirmation. They preferred charges, to the effect that Crum had sold out as a delegate to the Minneapolis Republican convention and in support of this charge read an affidavit in which it was declared that he had been sent to the convention as a Harrison delegate, but had shifted to the support of Blaine, on the promise of appointment to the position of postmaster. I was made quite plain, however, that the principal opposition was because of Crum's color, and Senator Tillman admitted as much. He told the committee that the people of the South did not want their offices filled by negroes," and, he said, "as long as they are so filled there will be trouble; oil and water will not unite." Ex-Governor P. B. S. Pinchback, of Louisiana, and Whitfield McKinley, formerly of South Carolina, both colored, appeared for Dr. Crum. They declared that the charge of selling out at Minneapolis was unfounded and eulogized Crum as a man of education and character. The committee adjourned without considering or passing upon the testimony.

EXPRESS TRAIN WRECKED.

Engineer Killed—Fireman and Several Passengers Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Jan. 22.—The St. Louis and San Francisco north bound express, which left Memphis, Tenn., at 9:15 A. M. yesterday, was wrecked near South Greenfield, Mo., early to-day. Fred Fisher, the engineer, was killed, and Fireman Ed Gilbert seriously injured. Several passengers were slightly hurt. A switch had been turned to indicate a clear track, possibly by would-be robbers, and the passenger crashed into a freight train on a siding. The engine rolled down a steep embankment.

REV. J. R. WILSON, D. D.

Remains Taken to Columbia, S. C., by President Wilson for Interment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 22.—President Wilson, of Princeton University, left for Columbia, S. C., to-day with the body of his father, the Rev. J. R. Wilson, D. D., who died last night. The funeral will take place to-morrow in Columbia. Several hundred students were present at the railroad station as a mark of sympathy. President Wilson was deeply touched and thanked the under-graduates.

Wonderful Nerve.

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Stiff Joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BOMBARDMENT OF FORT SAN CARLOS.

American Charge at Caracas Confirms Reports of Attack by German Warships

RETICENCE IN WASHINGTON.

Which May Be Significant of the Gravity With Which the State Department Views the Situation—May Interfere With Negotiations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A cablegram has been received here from Mr. Russell, American charge at Caracas, confirming the press report to the effect that three German warships began to bombard Fort San Carlos yesterday. The cablegram does not indicate the result of the bombardment, and, in fact, contains no other details.

There is a singular reticence on the part of the State Department officials, suddenly developed in connection with the Venezuelan situation and especially with reference to the German bombardment, which may be significant of the gravity with which they view the situation. There is no longer any talk of exerting friendly influences to prevent these bombardments, but it is difficult for the department to answer congressional callers who are asking for a reasonable explanation. An annoying feature of the situation is the probability that there may be a serious interference with Minister Bowen's mission, in which the United States government, though not officially concerned, is deeply interested. There were rumors to the effect that the State Department had taken steps to point out to the foreign offices at London, Berlin and Rome its views on this subject, but these could not be confirmed and to-day it was stated that at present the attitude of the United States must be one of patient waiting.

Mr. Bowen called at the State Department and had a short talk with Dr. Hill and with Third Assistant Secretary Pierce. He is making a number of semi-official calls on the foreign embassies and legations, other than the allies, and it is believed that this is in pursuance of his general duty of adjusting any proper claim they may have against Venezuela. It is the understanding that none of the countries which refrained from joining in the blockade will be permitted to suffer by Venezuela in consequence of its forbearance, but that its citizens who have suffered as a result of the Venezuelan revolutionary movements and other causes will, when it comes to a settlement of its claims, be placed upon an equality with claimants from England, Germany and Italy.

It was stated that nothing in the nature of an answer to Minister Bowen's proposition for a removal of the blockade as a condition precedent to negotiations had been received from any of the European Foreign Offices, though it is admitted that there is a free exchange of notes in progress between the embassies and the European capitals.

Bombardment Renewed.

MARACAIBO, Jan. 22.—The bombardment of Fort San Carlos by the German cruisers Vineta, Panther and Falke was continued yesterday afternoon until 6 o'clock. It was resumed this morning at daybreak. The first shells were hurled at the fort at four o'clock, at long range. At 6 o'clock the Panther, being of light draught, closed in and again became actively engaged. The fort replied. At 8 o'clock the engagement was proceeding as fiercely as yesterday.

Twelve dead and fifteen badly wounded Venezuelan soldiers were counted in the fort at 7 o'clock last night by the correspondent of the Associated Press.

May Delay Settlement.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Diplomatic circles are much aroused by the news of the German bombardment of San Carlos, but the officials of the various embassies seem equally as ignorant as the Foreign Office regarding its cause. The belief prevails that the step taken by the German commander will seriously delay the settlement of the questions in dispute.

The Foreign Office points out that everything depends on the disposition of the Venezuelan government. Should the forthcoming negotiations with Minister Bowen satisfy the Powers that Venezuela is determined to do everything possible to meet her obligations the Powers will terminate the blockade at the earliest possible moment. The belief is expressed that President Castro's offer to set aside the customs as a guarantee may prove to be a workable basis for a satisfactory solution of the present difficulties.

German Foreign Office.

BERLIN, Jan. 22.—The Foreign Office is very impatiently awaiting official news from Maracaibo. The German newspapers express amazement at the fact that the government had not arranged for prompt information, "particularly in view of the nervousness of public opinion in the United States."

General Boguslawsky, retired, the well known writer on military affairs, discussing the press telegrams, says:

"The commander of the Panther in the first incident was merely making the blockade effective on his station by seeking to prevent the carriage of coffee through Colombia. The second bombardment was probably intended to chastise the insolence of the Venezuelans and their exultation over the first affair."

The Killed and Wounded.

A fisherman from the village of San Carlos has arrived here in a canoe with his family. Two of this man's children were killed by shells from the German cruisers. He reports that more than twenty-five Indian fishermen have been killed or wounded at San Carlos. The fishermen are helpless. Last night there was a popular demonstration on the streets of this town. The people paraded, but there were no words of hatred or insults as they passed the German stores, which are numerous in Maracaibo.

CARACAS, Jan. 22.—The German bombardment of Fort San Carlos is incomprehensible here. The shelling was begun without any warning whatever. All the foreign residents of Caracas are greatly dissatisfied with this action of the German warships, especially as the Venezuelan government maintains a fair and generous attitude in the matter of claims.

ST. VINCENT'S VOLCANO.

A Brisk Eruption Began at Noon Yesterday, Visible Throughout the Island.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTOWN, ISLAND OF ST. VINCENT, Jan. 22.—A brisk eruption of the Soufriere volcano, on this island, occurred at noon to-day. Through the clear sky shot up a twirling, incandescent cloud, followed by a black smoke which rapidly ascended to a great height. It furnished a highly interesting spectacle and was visible throughout the island. Sand is falling at Chateau Belair.

GERMAN WARSHIPS ARE BATTERING SAN CARLOS.

Story of Fight Told by a Correspondent. General Bello Not Intimidated—Will Resist the Germans to the Last.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MARACAIBO, January 22 — The German cruiser Panther left her position close in to Fort San Carlos, which she took up early in the day, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and joined the Falke. This ship was half a mile outside the bar, about five miles from the fort.

At 3 o'clock the correspondent of the Associated Press in a row boat approached one side of the fort, out of range, and from this point witnessed the long range fire of the German cruisers, which was continued from 3 o'clock until 6 o'clock. The Vineta and the Falke were close together and nearer the fort than the Panther.

The first two vessels, at a range of four and a half miles, poured in a continuous rain of shell upon the fort and only stopped firing with the advent of dusk at 6 o'clock. At this hour the German vessels retired seaward, after having made a second ineffectual attempt to land troops in the village of San Carlos, situated at the base of the fort.

The Walls Battered.

At 7 o'clock Wednesday afternoon the correspondent, who was accompanied by a government telegrapher bearing a telegram from President Castro to the commandant at San Carlos, landed on the island and entered the fort. The walls of the fort are terribly battered and there were many evidences of the fierce engagement. Twelve dead Venezuelan soldiers were counted behind the ramparts and fifteen other men, seriously wounded, were lying on a low platform.

The fort is literally covered with pieces of broken shells. It was seen that a great many of the German shells had not exploded.

The magazine had a very narrow escape, two shells having come within an ace of penetrating it. The walls of the fort which face towards the entrance of the lake suffered particularly and were greatly damaged.

It is estimated by the commandant, General Bello, that the German ships fired more than sixteen hundred shells at Fort San Carlos.

Village of San Carlos Suffered.

Although the damage inflicted upon the fort by the fire of the German cruisers is very great is is not all that could be expected from such a continuous fire from modern high power guns. The village of San Carlos suffered greatly. The aim of the German gunners appears to have been inaccurate, for more than sixty per cent. of their shells exploded in the village before reaching the fort.

The cannon mounted at San Carlos have not sufficient range to reach the Falke and the Vineta, so the fire from these vessels was not returned, as they kept out of reach of the Venezuelan artillery. The Vineta and Falke are of too great draught to cross the bar. The Vineta alone can do this and this fact explains why the last mentioned cruiser was the only one to come in close to the fort.

Some of the artillery on the fort has been destroyed by the German fire, but there are still five guns that can be used.

Gen. Bello Not Intimidated.

General Bello is a soldier of remarkable courage and daring. He has shown great bravery and is in no way intimidated. He will not abandon the fort, but will resist as long as it is possible for him to do so. He swears that on January 17th, the occasion of the first bombardment, the Panther fired upon him first without reason and without provocation.

The report that the biggest of the three attacking vessels was either an English or an Italian ship is untrue. It is known that all three vessels are German.

The Venezuelan gunboat Tiranda is in Lake Maracaibo. It was doubtless the intention of the Panther in trying to pass the fort and get into the lake to capture this vessel. The passage over the bar that leads into the lake is narrow and a fort commands it. General Bello is confident that he can sink the Panther if she attempts to go by with the fire of the five guns that remain to him.

Wednesday night passed without incident and the garrison of Fort San Carlos rested from the fight of the day and made preparations for what the morrow might bring.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR SHORTAGE OF COAL.

Question Discussed at Hearing of Strike Commission Yesterday—Sessions Will Last Ten More Days.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—A question of who is responsible for the apparent shortage in the supply of anthracite coal was the subject of considerable time to-day by the attorney representing the parties before the strike commission. It was testified to that the miners are not obeying President Mitchell's request to make extra efforts to produce more coal to relieve the situation. This was followed up by James H. Torrey and Everett Warren, both of Scranton, who represent several of the large companies, challenging the correctness of Mr. Mitchell's statement, that 3,000 men are idle and ready to go to work.

C.S. Darrow, for the miners, replied that he would show that it was the operators and not the men who were responsible for the shortage in the production. "If I don't" he said, "I will ask the commission to find against us."

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company closed its case to day, and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Company consumed a few hours in presenting its evidence. This company closed shortly before adjournment, and the independent operators of the upper region then took up the operators' side of the controversy.

It is expected that the sessions will last ten more days The commission informed the attorneys on both sides this afternoon that it would like them to confine their final arguments to about four or five days. The lawyers will agree among themselves as to the division of time. The miners want half the time allowed by the commission.

COLORADO CONTEST.

Democratic Members of Both Houses of Assembly Holding a Joint Session.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., Jan. 22.—The Democratic members of both houses of the General Assembly are holding a joint session in the Senate chamber to-night. The session began at noon and it is the intention to prolong it until noon to-morrow, unless a United States senator shall be selected sooner. A vote was taken on senator, only forty-five votes being cast, all for Teller. The question of the legality of an election by this body, it is claimed, is decided in the case of Eustis of Louisiana in 1877.

FOR THE CONTROL OF CORPORATIONS

Anti-Trust Measure to Be Submitted to the House Judiciary Committee.

PREPARED BY SUB-COMMITTEE

The Bill is Offered as a Substitute for the Publicity Bill Introduced by Representative Littlefield at the Last Session of Congress

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Representative Littlefield, of Maine, chairman of the sub-committee of the House Judiciary Committee, to which all anti-trust bills were referred, will to-morrow report to the full Judiciary Committee a bill which has been drawn and adopted by the sub-committee. Several weeks have been devoted to the preparation of the bill, the sub-committee having considered some twenty-five to thirty measures.

The bill is offered as a substitute for the publicity bill introduced by Representative Littlefield at the last session. The full committee is expected to take the bill up to-morrow and decide if it is to be reported to the House as now framed.

Section one of the bill provides that every corporation engaged in interstate commerce shall file a return with the interstate commerce commission under oath, "stating its name, date of organization, where and when organized, giving statutes under which it is organized and all amendments thereof; if consolidated naming constituent companies and whereand when organized, with the same information as to such constituent companies, so far as applicable, as is herein required of such corporations, with full reference to laws under which all the reorganizations have taken place, with the same information as to all prior companies in the chain of re-organization, so far as applicable, as is herein required of such corporation; amount of authorized capital stock, shares into which it is divided, par value, whether common or preferred, and distinction between each amount issued and outstanding and amount paid in; how much if any paid in cash, and how much, if any, in property; if any part in property, describing in detail the kind and character and location, with its cash market value at the time it was received in payment, giving the elements upon which said market value is based, and especially whether in whole or in part upon capitalization of earnings, earning capacity, or economies, with the date and the cash price paid therefor at its last sale; name and address of each officer, managing agent and directors; a true and correct copy of its articles of incorporation; a full and true copy of any and all rules, regulations and by-laws adopted for the management and control of its business and the direction of its officers, managing agents and directors."

Any corporation failing to make such returns may be restrained from engaging in interstate commerce.

Section 2 provides that swearing to a false return shall be punishable as perjury.

Section 3 provides for the publication for free distribution of such returns.

Section 4 confers upon the commission the same authority to inquire into the management of all corporations as it now possesses with respect to railroad corporations and provides penalties for refusal to answer lawful inquiries or to produce books and papers.

Section 5 provides: That any person, carrier, lessee, trustee, receiver, officer, agent or representative of any carrier subject to the act to regulate commerce who or which shall offer, grant, give, solicit, accept, or receive, any rebate, concession, facilities, or service in respect to the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier subject to said act, whereby any such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier as is required by said act to regulate commerce, or shall receive any advantage by way of facilities or service, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction thereof be subject to a fine of not less than one thousand dollars.

Section 6 provides: "That no corporation engaged in the production, manufacture or sale of any article of commerce violating any of the provisions of section five of this act, or attempting to monopolize or control the production, manufacture or sale therein of any particular locality by discrimination in prices, or by giving special privileges or rebates, or otherwise, in order to destroy competition therein in such locality, shall use, either directly or indirectly, any of the facilities or instrumentalities of interstate commerce or in any way engage in interstate commerce for the purpose of aiding or facilitating, either directly or indirectly, such production, manufacture or sale with such intent."

A penalty of a fine of $500 to $5,000 attaches to violations of this section.

Section 7 forbids the transportation of articles produced in violation of this act, under penalty of not less than $1,000 to be recovered by suit.

Section 8 provides that no person shall be excused from testifying or from producing books and papers on the ground of incrimination, and provides for the immunity of any person so testifying.

Section 9 invests the circuit courts of the United States with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain the violation of this act by injunction or otherwise. It is made the duty of the United States district attorneys to prosecute violations of the act.

Section 10 provides that the court may summon before it any other parties, whether resident of the district or not.

Section 11 provides that any person or corporation injured by the violation of this act may recover three-fold the damage sustained.

Section 12 provides that the act shall take effect May 1, 1903.

THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.

Favorable Report on Bill to Mark Graves in the North.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The Senate Committee on Military Affairs to-day ordered a favorable report on the bill introduced by Senator Foraker appropriating money from the national treasury for the erection of headstones to mark the graves of Confederate soldiers buried in the North. The amount to be used for this purpose was placed at $300,000 at the suggestion of Secretary Root.

A dose of Anways Croup Syrup might save baby's life, if given at beginning of attack. Croup is dangerous and Anways is safe, safer to have a bottle in the house. Thousands use and recommend it. Try it for baby's cough or cold. 25 cts. at Robt. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

CORONER'S INQUEST IN THE GONZALES TRAGEDY.

Held in the Court House at Columbia, S. C. Testimony of Witnesses—Senator Talbird's Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan 22.—Less than one hundred people, including the jury, officers and witnesses, were present at the inquest in the Gonzales tragedy, conducted by Coroner Green in the county court house to-night. J. W. Thurmond, of Edgefield, prosecuting attorney of the Fifth circuit, ex-Attorney General G. Duncan Bellinger, who has been called in to assist him, and C. L. Blease, of counsel of the defence, were present but merely as spectators. State Senators Brown and Talbird, who were with Tillman when he fired the shot, J. F. Sims, A. G. Lamotte, County Physician Knowlton, who performed the autopsy, and Clerk of Court J. Frost Walker were examined. The verdict, found in less than five minutes after the jury retired, was a plain statement that "the deceased, N G. Gonzales, came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by the hand of James H Tillman, on the 15th of January, 1903."

Senator Talbird was the most important witness. New matter in his testimony was that he first saw Gonzales, who had approached within ten or fifteen feet, and Tillman said: "How are you, Mr. Gonzales?" The latter made no reply but turned to the left, to the inside of the sidewalk, Tillman being on the outside. Tillman said: "I received your message," and almost instantaneously fired. Talbird rushed to Gonzales and exclaimed: "This must stop!" Gonzales said: "Here I am; finish me!" or something to that effect.

Senator Brown's testimony was substantially what has already been published as his statement. He turned to speak to a lady friend, did not see the shot fired, and heard nothing save the report of the pistol.

J. F. Sims swore that his attention was first attracted by the report of the pistol and that he had heard at about the same time Tillman say: "I received your message." He emphasized that the pistol shot first attracted his attention.

Clerk Walker has the custody of the pistols and the bullet that passed through Mr. Gonzales' body and they were exhibited.

Lamotte's testimony bore chiefly on incidents occurring immediately after the shooting, when he went to Mr. Gonzales' assistance.

Dr. Knowlton read a technical report of the result of the autopsy which has been published substantially. He expressed the opinion that the shot was fired at close range and rather from the side than from the front.

Tillman has made no statement.

TO INVESTIGATE BRIBERY CHARGES.

Action Taken by the Naval Affairs Committee of the House—Investigation to Begin To-day—Witnesses.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The House Committee on Naval Affairs to-day obtained authority from the House to prosecute a formal investigation of the charges made by Representative Lessler, of New York, that attempts had been made by corrupt means to influence his action with respect to appropriations for submarine torpedo boats. Prior to bringing before the House the resolution authorizing the investigation, the Naval Affairs Committee considered a report made to it by one of its sub-committees of the inquiry the sub-committee had made in the charges made by Mr. Lessler, the report recommending that the House be requested to authorize a formal investigation by the full committee or a sub-committee and to grant authority to send for persons and papers.

The House gave the requisite authority immediately after assembling and this afternoon the naval committee held quite a long session, outlining its method of procedure. It was decided to begin the investigation at 10:30 o'clock to morrow morning. Witnesses were summoned to be present, and it was stated by members of the committee that the taking of testimony will begin to-morrow.

It was decided to admit representatives of the press to the hearings, and that the investigation should be conducted by the full committee. It is stated that the committee purposes to make a searching inquiry. It is now known that there was another witness beside Mr. Lessler yesterday before the substitute committee of the House naval affairs committee. He was a deputy in the office of the superintendent of elections in New York, and told his story voluntarily. Its effect it was that an ex Representative had told him to see Lessler and that there was $7,000 in it, $2,000 for him and $5,000 for Lessler.

WARM WIRELETS.

The bill in the Virginia Senate, prohibiting the kissing of the Bible in administering oaths in courts, was defeated in that body by a vote of 16 to 11.

The United States training ship Alliance passed down the coast yesterday bound for the West Indies with a class of apprentices who will be taken on an extended cruise.

Jean Skyles, convicted of bigamy at Port Gibson, Miss., was sentenced to serve ten years in the penitentiary. He made an eloquent address to the court. The case will be appealed.

General William Booth, head of the Salvation Army, goes to Pittsburg to-night. Thence he goes South, where he has not heretofore visited. Chattanooga has sent him a special invitation to visit that city.

The directors of the Northern Securities Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent., payable February 4th. This is on a basis of 4½ per cent., and an increase of half of one per cent. over the previous year.

The Senate Committee on Commerce has authorized a favorable report on the nomination of Henry McCall to be collector of customs at the port of New Orleans, La. Mr. McCall's nomination has been stubbornly antagonized by negroes.

The Ministerial Association of Salt Lake City, which has been conducting a systematic fight against the election of Apostle Reed Smoot to the United States Senate, has sent a telegraphic protest to Senator Burrows against the seating of Smoot.

The Isla de Luzon arrived safely at Culebra yesterday from her long voyage from Manila, her last previous stop having been St. Vincent, Cape Verde islands. She will continue her voyage northward to Pensacola and will be temporarily attached to that naval station. The Isla de Luzon is one of the Spanish gunboats captured by Admiral Dewey in the memorable battle of Manila.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Treaty for Its Construction Signed Yesterday in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The treaty between the United States and Colombia for the construction of the Panama canal by the United States was signed to-day in this city.

No details of the signature of the treaty were obtainable, but at the Presidential reception at the White House to-night, the news that the treaty between the two countries at last was an accomplished fact leaked out, and later was confirmed authoritatively on inquiry in official quarters. It had been intended not to make the signature of the canal treaty public until to-morrow, but the news apparently was too good for some of the friends of the canal to keep.

The canal treaty was signed at Secretary Hay's house this afternoon, Mr. Hay acting for the United States and Dr. Herran, the charge d'affaires of Colombia, who had been especially given full power to negotiate the treaty, signing in behalf of Colombia. The treaty will have to go to the Senate for ratification and it is believed it will be transmitted to that body to-morrow.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

$4 For Hundred to address names for us. Send dime and stamp for blank book and particulars. Address Jas. Butler, 714 E. Grace street, Richmond, Va. jan 23 1f

Found—Tuesday night on Front between Market and Dock streets, Rambler bicycle. Owner may secure same by calling at this office and paying for this advertisement. jan 22 1t

To Exchange—I have a fine deer dog which I wish to exchange for a first-class opossum and coon dog. Address, John G Wagner, care F. W. Ortmann, Wilmington, N. C. jan 20 1f

Notice is hereby given that I will apply to the Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington and the Board of Commissioners of the county of New Hanover for license to retail spirituous liquors at 80 Taylor street. D. Gilson & Co. jan 9 30t

Notice—The tug-boat LaChiquita having been sold by J. L. Russ to Peter Simpson, all persons having claims against said boat will present them to me within thirty days from the date of this notice. This the 18th day of December, 1902. ROBERT G. GRADY. dec 19 30t

Call at Winstead's for all kinds of foreign and domestic fruit; Bananas a specialty. No. 218 Market and 215 North Front street. Bell Phones 308 and 627. oc 29 tf

Sewing Machines, Typewriters. Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Grunman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. B. Farrar, No 114 North Second street. my 16 tf

Seed Potatoes

JANUARY ARRIVAL.

EARLY ROSE,

WHITE BLISS,

POLARIS, BOVEE.

All early varieties and adapted to this soil and climate.

Spring Oats, Wheat.

Book your orders.

THE WORTH CO.,

jan 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
Letter Books,
Memo. Books.

Inks and Mucilage,
Paste and Glue,
Letter Boxes and Baskets,
Pens and Pencils,
Files of all kinds.

I have anything you need in your office. Write for prices.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

The Stationer,

dec 20 tf 107 Market St.

Wanted Raw Furs.

20,000 O'POSSUMS.
10,000 COONS.
5,000 SKUNKS.
3,000 FOX.
2,000 MINKS.
1,000 OTTERS.

Highest cash prices paid and quotations furnished by applying to

SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,

Wilmington, N. C.,

dec 24 tf 19 Market street.

FERTILIZER——

Baugh's Pure Animal Bone Goods.

Acid Phosphate,

Kainit, Nitrate Soda,

Muriate Potash, Fish Scrap.

HALL & PEARSALL,

jan 7 tf

"THE FAVORITE."

"The Favorite" Barber Shop is now more attractive than ever. Recent improvements make it more pleasing to the eye; while it still maintains its old reputation for the very best service to its patrons.

QUION & DAVIS,

no 29 tf 7 South Front Street

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of an Act granting a charter to the Elizabeth City and Columbia Through Line Railroad Co., (or other name suggested at time of making application) to build a railroad from Wilmington, N. C., to Elizabeth City, N. C. January 1st, 1903.

jan 2 1m ROBERT G. GRADY.

Secure a House!

I HAVE FOR SALE

Dwellings and Vacant Lots

in any part of the city desired. Cash or time payment to suit buyer.

D. O'CONNOR,

jan 2 tf Real Estate Agent.

"My Little Room
So Warm and Bright"

was the theme of Tennyson's poem, "O Darling Room."

Your little room— or your big room, for that matter — may be made both warm and bright this winter by the gas-heater and gaslight.

When you come home from work, with tired eyes and tired body, how pleasant that at the touch of a match the room is elevated to the plane of comfort.

CONSOLIDATED RAILWAYS, LIGHT AND POWER CO.

jan 22 3t

THE SUPPLY OF HARD COAL IN THIS

City is about exhausted, and present outlook that it cannot be replenished before Spring In the meantime we are prepared to supply you with the very best

BITUMINOUS LUMP COAL AT $5 PER TON,

Which is as cheap as cut wood at $2.50 per cord.

This coal is equally as good in every way as any Coal sold on this market.

'Phone your orders to us and they will be filled promptly.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. dec 28 tf

Rehder's Rehder's

For Cold Weather!

AM OFFERING TO-DAY IN

Men's Sweaters

Twenty-five dozen Sweaters, in Blue and Red, all sizes, good weight, each 47 cents.

All Wool Sweaters 99c.

This sounds impossible, but 'tis an actual fact, they are well made, all sizes, and come in red and blue.

All Wool Sweaters, in Blue only, with bright Red stripes on collar and sleeves, full sizes, very stylish, made up in the best possible manner, worth $2.00; here $1 49.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. jan 11 tf

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

OF WILMINGTON N. C.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Deposits, showing increase of business since organization.

March 1st, 1899	$223,000
December 31st, 1899	354,000
December 31st, 1900	432,000
December 31st, 1901	684,000
December 31st, 1902	1,200,000

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jan 1 tf

In all that makes a city, in all that builds a town
Possibly no greater factor in a life long search is found
Than a bank whose strength and soundness is acknowledged on every hand
By the rich man and the poor man, by the people of the land.
To be a life preserver when the storms of finance come,
And then in finer weather to make our industries hum.
Such a bank is

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

Strong, safe and well equipped to meet the demands of its depositors.

Four per cent. interest allowed on deposits.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

jan 16 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

One Price Marked In Plain Figures.

THANKS!

Liberal Terms to the Right People.

I desire to express my sincere thanks to my friends for the more than liberal patronage they have extended me during the past year, and with the hope that they have had a merry Christmas, wish them a happy and prosperous "New Year."

If any one has neglected to do their duty Xmas, or wish to "reciprocate" New Year, I have a few "left overs" at a reduced price.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St.

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

dec 25 tf

Lands Posted.

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wilmington having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging or otherwise trespassing on said lands.

no W. ORLK

LANDS POSTED.

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wrightsville having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging or otherwise trespassing on said lands.

Jan 17 10t GARRETT WALKER.